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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XX NO. 248 BOMBAY MONDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1932

COMPLETE SUCCESS AT LUCKNOW CONFERENCE

"Muslims Are Next To None In Patriotism"

KEY-NOTE OF LUCKNOW RESOLUTIONS

"Within A Fortnight We Shall Have A United India" Says Jubilant Shaukat

(From Our Special Representative).
LUCKNOW, Oct. 16.

Scenes of enthusiasm and jubilation marked the termination of the Muslim Conference, this evening, at Salimpur House. "It was a complete success." This was the unanimous view expressed by Delegates who emerged out of the spacious hall on the first floor, shortly after sunset.

The evening session terminated in unanimous acceptance of two resolutions.

A group photo of the delegates was taken on the lawn outside the palatial Salimpur House, in Kaisarbag.

After years of separation Nationalist Muslims and those belonging to other groups had come together for such a happy function.

It was a sight to see Maulana Shaukat Ali, surrounded by old colleagues and comrades. Doctor Mahmad and Chaudhri Khaliquzzaman were on his left and right. The group included many others, Nationalists and Khalifatists and members of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema.

This function was considered a happy augury.

Nawab Mohamed Ismail Khan presided at the final session which lasted only for one hour, and was thus the shortest of all sessions held during the last two days. Prior to this the Sub-Committee had agreed to the draft which was moved by Mr. Asaf Ali. After some discussion and minor changes it was unanimously accepted.

The second resolution appointing a Committee to meet Hindu and Sikh leaders was moved by Shaukat Ali was also accepted without any discussion.

PRAYERS.

Proceedings terminated with prayers offered by Maulana Husein Ahmed of Deoband one of the foremost Muslim divines of India, in which the whole gathering joined. Cries of "Allaho-Akbar" rang the hall for a few minutes after prayers.

Scenes of jubilation and cordial exchanges of greetings followed which would be long remembered. Delegates have already begun leaving Lucknow. But prominent leaders are still here.

LUCKNOW AGAIN THE VENUE?

It is likely members of the Committee appointed to negotiate with Hindu and Sikh leaders will meet to-morrow to fix the future programme. The venue of the coming joint Hindu-Muslim-Sikh Conference may again be at Lucknow, as the historic place has established reputation for happy Pacts and Agreements and noted for friendly relations between Hindus and Muslims

SARDAR'S INTERVIEW.

Sardar Suleman Kasam Mitha and Bombay delegates of the Conference left Lucknow tonight.

The Sardar interviewed, said:

"Thank God we have been able to achieve the desired unity. The purpose for which we came all the distance has been served fully. I am glad at the results, and hope this will lead to final settlement, giving us lasting unity."

Committee To Discuss Communal Problem

(From Our Special Correspondent)
LUCKNOW, Oct. 16.

The news that Malaviyaji had hopeful talks with Hindu leaders and had proceeded to Layalpur to consult Sikh leaders appearing in the morning papers created good impression in the Muslim Conference circles. It is considered another proof of an all-round desire for national unity and strengthened the hopes that united efforts will lead to successful termination and establishing a lasting communal settlement.

CONFERENCE 'IN CAMERA.'

The Conference met again this morning at the Saleempur House 'in camera.' The proceedings lasted for two hours without reaching any decision.

It is understood that discussions centred round the question of electorates. Late Maulana Mahomed Ali's formula was hotly discussed and it was favoured by some speakers. Several draft resolutions were moved for consideration.

The trend of the resolutions is said to be welcoming Pandit Malaviya's suggestion to appoint a committee to discuss communal problem with Hindu and Sikh leaders and suggesting its acceptance.

The Conference adjourned till two 'n the afternoon after the appointment of a sub-committee of 14 members to consider the various draft resolutions and adopt the final draft for ratification by the conference.

Immediately after the sub-committee began its work. The situation was considered still hopeful but discussions may last longer as the sub-committee is still considering the draft resolutions although its sitting has lasted over three hours.

The latest arrival is Seth Yakub Hasan from Madras who participated in the morning session and is included in the sub-committee. His presence is considered helpful, as he represents the Madras Presidency Muslim League and the Nationalist Muslim opinion in that province.

"UNITED INDIA WITHIN FORTNIGHT"

LUCKNOW, Oct. 16.

"Within a fortnight we shall have a united India", declared Maulana Shaukat Ali, addressing a largely attended meeting of Hindus and Muslims at Aminud-

(Continued on page 5).

"CHRONICLE" PRICE REDUCED BY HALF

INCREASING DEMAND FOR INDIA'S FOREMOST NATIONALIST PAPER

From to-day (October 17) the subscription of the "Bombay Chronicle" will be Rs. 15 a year, and Rs 8 for six months.

The price of a single copy of the paper will be half an anna.

The proprietors of the "Bombay Chronicle" have made this sensational reduction in the rates of subscription, in view of the increased facilities of production offered by their recently installed, up-to-date machinery.

It is also their desire to meet the increasing demand for the foremost Nationalist paper in India, which since its inception, has spread the gospel of nationalism.

The management are confident that their new move will meet with abundant and ever-increasing response from the public.

Youth Specialises In Lock-Breaking

RESPONSIBLE FOR 15 CASES OF BURGLARY?

Clothes And Watches Pledged To Marwaris Recovered

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Breaking locks is alleged to be the hobby of a Christian youth, named Yellaya Mallaya, who is at present in the custody of the Kamdevi police. The accused is alleged to be in possession of two bunches of keys, by the use of which he is said to be able to pick up any lock. He was arrested some days ago, in a motor garage, which he had entered, it is stated, after breaking the lock.

Police investigations into this case, it is alleged, has revealed the fact that the accused is responsible for at least 15 cases of house-breaking and theft in Colaba Qand Dhobi Talao. The police have recovered property which the accused had pledged with Marwaris. They were chiefly clothes and watches.

The accused will be charged before a Magistrate on Monday. Sub-Inspector Padwal of the Gamdevi police conducted investigations into the case.

MALAVIYAJI REACHES LYALLPUR

LAHORE, Oct. 16.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya Raja Narendranath and Pandit Govind Malaviya reached Lyallpur, to-day. They were taken in a procession through the streets despte the refusal of Pandit Malaviya in view of his weak state of health. Seth Gobindram and Seth D. L. Ram, two Sind leaders accompanied the Pandit from Lahore to Lyallpur, in connection, it is stated, with some talks about Sind separation.—A. P.

SIR P. THAKURDAS' BUNGALOW PICKETED AGAIN

SEVEN PERSONS ARRESTED

BOMBAY, Sunday.

After a brief lull of two days the Congress volunteers again picketed the bungalow of Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas at Malabar Hill. This evening five volunteers and two persons who are alleged to be organisers of the picketing were arrested by the Gamdevi Police.

Information was received by the Gamdevi Police at 4-30 p.m. from the Police sentry kekpt near the bungalow that Congress volunteers had begun picketing the gates of Sir Purshottamdas's residence. So Sub-Inspector Patankar hurried to the place and arrested, within 15 minutes, 5 volunteers who were coming one after another from the Hanging Garden side and who had worn Congress uniforms.

A constable noticed two persons who were giving instructions to these volunteers, and they also were put under arrest.

BRITAIN INDEBTED TO IRELAND

President De Valera's Claim

WHY NEGOTIATIONS FAILED

LONDON, October 16.

At the last stage of the abortive Anglo-Irish conference there was a revival of the original proposal for arbitration when it was obvious that a settlement by direct negotiations had failed; but the old difficulty whether tribunal should be drawn exclusively from the Empire proved the final stumbling block.

"REASONED CASE."

It is understood that the Free State representatives are aggrieved that their "reasoned case" met with negative attitude from the beginning.

On the contrary, according to the British political correspondents the British representatives refused to concede the basic Irish claim that Land Annuities are illegal. President De Valera is alleged to have argued from a novel view-point of various treaties, and agreements and to have declared that Britain is theoretically indebted to Ireland for sum approaching 250 millions sterling.—Reuter.

LION OF PUNJAB "BAGGED" IN SIND

KARACHI, Oct. 16.

Twenty-five thousand spectators saw Imam Bux, an All-India Champion Wrestler, floor Ishersing (the "lion of the Punjab") within two minutes, this evening. The rush was so great that both the organisers and police had a busy time of it in preserving order.—A. P.

STOP PRESS

LONDON, Oct. 16.

Dublin.—The news of the breakdown of Anglo-Irish negotiations has been received with grave disappointment by those who were just beginning to visualise a settlement. Mr. Cosgrave observes that there will be no doubt that failure is very bad for both the countries. It is believed that Mr. de Valera, in a statement in the Dail on Wednesday, will announce his intention of withdrawing land annuities from the suspensory account.

The Labour Party conference has adopted a resolution asking Deputies to support any movement for the abolition of Governor-Generalship. At the same time, the Labour Party in the Dail is believed to be becoming more dissatisfied with the Government's economic policy and the possibility of withdrawal of its support is daily growing more apparent.—Reuter.

Show To Last Eight Weeks

SAPRU AND JAYAKAR URGED TO ATTEND

London Reports Of Their Pessimistic Attitude

(From Our Special Correspondent)
LONDON, Oct. 16.

The Macdonald Government are busy with their arrangements for the third Round Table Conference. Official circles state that this India Conference is to begin on November 14 and will last for eight weeks.

PESSIMISTIC SAPRU AND JAYAKAR

It is rumoured here that Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and Mr. Jayakar do not expect any fruitful outcome from these deliberations. The reasons for their pessimism are stated to be the domination by Tories of the present Cabinet and the possibility of an early general election.

DO COME, URGE PREMIER AND SANKEY.

They have however, so it is stated, booked passages provisionally on October 29 at the personal request of Mr. Macdonald and Lord Sankey.

NO CRICKET ON COMMUNAL BASIS

Presidency Association's Assurance

WILL HINDU GYMKHANA SUPPORT DECEMBER SPORTS CARNIVAL?

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Will there be a cricket carnival in Bombay in December next?

A good many sportsmen would like to see an early revival of the game in the city but the success of any representative tournament will largely depend on whether the Hindu Gymkhana is willing to accord its support to any sports carnival at the present juncture.

According to a resolution passed last year the Hindu Gymkhana cannot participate in any tournament without the sanction of the general body of members and this for various reasons.

POLITICS AND SPORTS.

There is a very interesting history behind this decision. During the civil disobedience movement in 1930 the Gymkhana passed a resolution cancelling its fixtures in the quadrangular and M. C. C. matches. But last year through the intervention of those who advocated that politics should not be introduced in sports the resolution was rescinded.

A new resolution was adopted in July 1931 appointing a special committee to carry on negotiations so that they could participate in M.C.C. and quadrangular matches "consistenting with the self-respect of the Gymkhana." Another resolution stated that the Gymkhana "shall not participate in cricket tournaments or a communal basis."

NO COMMUNAL CRICKET.

The question of participation in the proposed cricket carnival in December next will crop up at a meeting of the Special Committee of the Hindu Gymkhana which will be held shortly. The meeting has been primarily called to consider a letter addressed by the Bombay Presidency Association assuring the Hindu Gymkhana that they do not want to promote tournaments on a communal basis except with the consent of all the four Gymkhanas and inviting the Hindus to be members of the Association.

The Hindu Gymkhana have so far kept aloof from the Association which has been promoting cricket tournaments in the city. The Association recently passed a resolution declaring that it did not want to promote communal cricket, which, it is stated will facilitate the Hindus to join the Association, but the question of participation in the cricket carnival will finally rest with the general body.

NO TEAM FOR DELHI.

In the meanwhile it has been suggested in a morning contemporary that the Hindu Gymkhana is likely to send a team to Delhi to contest the Roshanara cricket tournament. The "Chronicle" is asked to contradict the news. The Hindu Gymkhana is neither thinking of sending a team to Delhi nor will it do so. for two reasons. Firstly, the turnament does not attract first clas cricketers. Secondly, in Delhi cricket is played on matting and first class cricket can only be played on the turf.

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Public Notices.

The Morarjee Goculdas Spg. & Wvg. Co. Ltd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTY-FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the REGISTERED OFFICE of the Company Sudama House, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Fort, on TUESDAY, the 25th day of October, 1932, at 4 p.m. (Standard Time) for transacting the following business:—

1. To adopt the Directors' Reponrt and the Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1932.
2. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but who are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 20th October to 3rd November, 1932, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors.

MORARJEE GOCULDAS & Co., Agents.

Sudama House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, 12th October, 1932.
5655

Notification

ANNAMALAI UNIVERSITY. ANNAMALAINAGAR

SEALED TENDERS for the construction of Library and Administrative Buildings in Annamalainagar are invited and they should reach the Registrar not later than 2 p.m. on SATURDAY, the 12th November, 1932. Forms of tender, conditions, documents and plans and estimates may be obtained on payment of Rs. 25/- per set. Each tender must be accompanied by a sum of Rs. 2,000/- as earnest money which may be deposited in any Government Treasury. This will be retained in the case of the successful tenderer as deposit towards the due fulfilment of the contract. Further particulars may be had any working day between 11 a. m. and 4 p. m. Tenders will be opened at 3 p.m. that day.
5645

Legal Notices.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Dr. RATANSHAW MERWANJI HAKIM of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, maintenance, possession, lease, lien, easement or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us at our office No. 14 K, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

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Public Notices.

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The 42ND EXHIBITION OF PICTURES will be held at the TOWN HALL, Bombay, in January 1933. For prospectus apply to the HON SECRETARY, Bombay Art Society, Secretariat Fort, Bombay.
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A Paramount British Picture.

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The Comedy Riot described as "Better than a Chaplin"

"MY WIFE'S FAMILY"

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TOLSTOY'S GREAT DRAMA.

RESURRECTION

An Universal Talkie.

JOHN BOLES, LUPE VELEZ And All-Star Cast.

Hospitals For Criminals

REFORM OF OLD PENAL SYSTEM

Proposals for the reform of our penal system, including a "hospital" for the eradication of crime, are made by Dr. Grace W. Pailthorpe, whose "Studies in the Psychology of Delinquency" was issued by the Medical Research Council.

Dr. Pailthorpe conducted two investiations, the first dealing with the female inmates of prisons and the second with the inmates of preventive and rescue homes for girls and young women. One hundred cases were studied in each investigation.

Dr. Pailthorpe was struck by the "appalling wastage" (1) if public money, (2) of scientific material, and (3) of human material. "Prisons and institutions," she declares, "cost the public dearly." The cost per head per imprisinment regardless of period, averaged out at just under £60. Obviously this enormous expenditure would be reduced in proportion to the number of individuals that could be salved.

WRONG METHODS

Dr. Pailthorpe says that four methods of dealing with the offenders suggest themselves:

Segregation (permanent or temporary.)

Permanent supervision without loss of freedom.

Education.

Psychotherapy.

Mental defectives, she found, were of two types—the truculent, turbluent, vicious, uninhibited type which would never become amenable to society's demands, and the quiet, gentle, willing-to-please, and drifting type.

"Incipient dementia praecox, cyclothymic cases, and those with paranoid reactions are mentally sick persons and need hospital treatment both for their own sakes and for the protection of others. If there were Legal recognition of these conditions many murders might be prevented. The burglar of the violent type so frequently ends up in murder. Yet we treat him as a mentally stable individual who will react in a normal way of correction by refraining from committing the same act again. We let him in and out of prison, to prey upon the public until he kills someone, and then we hang him! Legal recignition of these conditions would mean that every recidivist, without exception, would, as a routine be handed over for a full medical examination, physical and mental."

An investigation is called for into the motives at work in our own unconscious, Dr. Pailthorpe says, for certainly our behaviour is not rational. What we need to ask ourselves is why if punishment is not successful as a deterrent do we repea it? The wish to punish could come from several sources among which are included the outlet it offered in a direct manner "for our instinctive sadism, that is, to mould by force."

NOT REFORMATION

With regard to the submissive type of mental defeative Dr. Pailthorpe says the decision lies between permanent segregation on the one hand and sterilisation with freedom on the other. In the educational class Dr. Pailthorpe would place, as an experiment, all the "adapted" group where intelligence is normal and the character not vicious, and where sentiment formation has been slight. Under suitable training Dr. Pailthorpe believes that a large proportion of these offenders and maladjusted persons would then have a reasonable chance of being reclaimed permanently as useful citizens.

Dr. Pailthorpe speaks of the danger in certain cases of prisons "becoming intensive training centres for asocial and criminal behaviour," and adds: "The great mistake of the present penal system is that it is neither deterrent nor reformative."

Among the reasons she advances for the fact that efforts at reform are rendered nugatory are that the staff is not selected for the purpose of scientific reform; education at the same time as punishment is an anomaly, as the education is necessity taken as part of the punishment; and that "the placing together of these girls is to give them a university training in crime."

NOT PENAL.

For certain classes of offenders the writer suggests a specialised environment, educative or otherwise, suggestion, direct or indirect, or psycho-analytic treatment. In order to carry out these suggested treatments, Dr. Pailthorpe proposes a central clearing station system and small laboratories. The central clearing station system should be formed on the lines of an infectious hospital. The patients would be sent in be fully investigated physically and psychologically, and treatment allocated.

It would not be reasonable to suggest that such a system could replace the penal system all at once. It is possible, however that the plans suggested could be started as an experimnt, and the details of its working must be in accordance with the premise that crime is a symptom of underlying defect or disease. This theory, which is supported by the findings of this report, is also held by many eminent authorities.

The buildings used should have no connection whatsoever with the present established penal system, and should be in no way designated by the world 'penal.' None of the buildings once used, and therefore labelled for all time as prisons, should be used in this scheme."

RESEARCH WORK

It would be worse than useless to vitiate a new system by gringing over from the old prisons its diseased beyond cure inmates. Nor would it be advisable to bring in any who had been previously in prison. The building should be called hospitals and not prisons, since the object would be to eradicate crime by curing through psychological treatment and other meagical treatment and other measures the underlying psychological maladjustments and defects, and every offender should be sent in for investigation at the time of his first offenee.

The laboratories would be used for research into the value of the various methods of treatment Those in charge should be given "hunting grounds from which they may select their cases, and the subject chosen should, from that time onwards, come under the sole guardianship of the investigator." The scientific data obtained from the results of work in these small laboratories could oe made use of by the administrators of the central clearing station and of prisons and institutions alike.

"Of all the branches of sociology criminology shows the most remarkable tendency to preserve views and reactions which in other sciences would have been discarded long ago as inadequate obsolete, or even archaic," Dr. Pailthorpe states. "Thus one meets with systems based more or less directly on doctrines of "original sin' almost cheek by jowl with the most modern systems of psychopathological research. Psychological treatment rubs shoulders with systems of treatment by punishment.

MENTAL CONFLICT

Dealing with the prison subjects, who were all between 16 and 30 years of age, Dr. Pailthorpe says that 64 per cent were of normal intelligence. This she points out, "confutes the generally held opinion that criminals become such because they are subnormal intellectually. Much nearer the truth might it be to say that criminals become so through defect in sentiment development. Twenty one per cent were of subnormal intelligence and 15 per cent of defective intelligence.

Dr. Pailthorpe discovered that no fewer than 84 per cent of the cases showed a deficiency in what she described as "sentiment development". In this connection Dr. Pailthorpe points out that all the subjects tested, with two exceptions, were elementary school trained or its equivalent, and adds.

"That there is something in the private and public school

(Continued In Col. 5).

(Continued From Col. 7.)

form of education which is lacking in elementary school education everyone will admit; may it not be that this 'something' is co-ordinated character training? In elementary schools this is left to chance, and is dependent on individual teachers. In private and public schools the teacher is chosen largely for his or her likely influence in the children in the direction of sentiment development."

The preponderance of mental conflict as a cause for delinquency was 'striking.' Dealing with the preventive and rescue home cases, Dr. Pailthorpe says that 50 came from satisfactory homes, 41 from unsatisfactory homes, and nine from vicious homes. With regard to the psychopathic group, a point of "outstanding importance" was that abnormality of behaviour and psychic instability could be traced back to childhood in every case.

NEW POLICY.

Dr. Pailthorpe emphasises the necessity of full investigation of all cases, without which reformative or institutional measures must be futile, and of preventive measures by timely diagnosis and treatment at an early age.

Summarising her proposals for a constructive policy Dr. Pailthorpe mentions several facts which stand out very clearly—mental unbalance was evident in a large proportion of cases; there were 55 per cent psychological cases needing treatment; sentiment development was lacking in a great number; the large percentage of homes where normal family love relationships wer eabsent; the influence of heredity, and the need for reconsidering our present systems for dealing with delinquents and maladapted individuals.

"The importance of the presence of a love influence in the life of the young child is without question, but the precise effect of its absence on each individual child must be different in every case," she says "the presence of love in its surroundings helps the child to relinquish its infantile and egoistic ways and changes self-centeredness into object relationships. The child must learn to love the outer world before he can adapt himself to the requirements of the outer world." —"Manchester Guardian."

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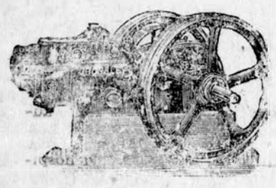

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PASSING SHOW IN COTTON MARKETS

Active And Destructive Nationalism

Bombay, Saturday.

Messrs. Langley and Co., in their Cotton Market Report, dated Oct. 13, state:—

Subsequent to the March closing in New York at 6.68 after the Bureau report on Saturday—only 13 points above the quotation ruling immediately before the first Bureau—spinners appear to have been rather more actively interested in the raw material. Garside's estimate for September consumption in America at 19,700 bales a day against 15,800 the daily figure for August, was an improvement, certainly not less than anticipated. Consequently the market is finding a certain amount of encouragement in resisting the pressure of heavy crop movement.

Trade generally cannot be said to be better. The outlook is gloomy. There is still ample evidence of active and destructive nationalism. Never in the history of nations have there been bigger barriers in the paths of international trade. Even now these barriers tend to increase rather than diminish. A spirit of acrimony immediately enters into any discussion for their removal or adjustment. The world, in fact, is in a mess and, finding itself so, is irritated by all restraints of enforced economy.

If a reason for the necessity of that economy is sought one need only think of the total value of the world's crops expressed in terms of gold three years ago and now.

It is the old problem. There must be an adjustment. But how?

It is difficult to raise commodities and consolidate them on a higher level. It is still more difficult to lower standards of living. The adjustment, it seems to us, must come at least in part from commodity appreciation.

The alternative is the budget of every country in the world unbalanced and chaos savouring very much of the end of capitalism.

CHEAP MONEY

The press, which has grown ecstatic over the success of the present cheap money policy of London, does not carry its thinking to a logical conclusion. As an example of financial opportunism the policy is excellent although somewhat obvious. If, however, the conditions which make it possible are to last then money, the earning power of which is already almost negligible, will cease to earn at all. That will be the end of capitalism.

Having delivered ourselves of that great thought, which, incidentally, concerns a position not so remote as superficially, it might appear, we can revert to the alarming alternative of commodity appreciation.

It will continue to be sought by every means within the scope of powerful Governments and cotton is as well able as any other commodity to respond to any encouragement. About half the crop must now be hedged. Movement is still about at its heaviest but after next few weeks it should gradually diminish. There is, as a rule, a seasonal upward movement towards the end of the year. The low point last season except for the drop in June, was touched in the first week of October. This season we think October might again see the low point. More conservative operators probably prefer to miss the initial stages of an advance in order to assess the worth of the grounds on which it is based but in our opinion purchases made in easier markets for the remainder of this month should show profits.

"LONG" MARKET.

The Bombay market once again went "long" over the Bureau and the reaction was therefore prompt and on full parity with Americans.

A diehard optimism as to the future prevails as still assisted by the absence by the absence of selling pressure, although in the spot market there is a growing consciousness of the nearer approach of crop movement. Arrivals of old crop are now, from September 1st, 113,379 bales more than last year.

New crop accounts are, on the whole, satisfactory. There appear to have been many showers over the cotton tracts at places other than official recording stations. Surat had beneficial rain and there were occasional showers over the Broach tracts, but Berars and particularly Khandeish still require about an inch of rain for the best results.

Export accounts during the week have been slightly more active. Sales were made to the Far East and Europe also has been in the market for Indian cotton. Commitments for early shipments however are negligible, most of the enquiry being for December January and February. Even for those months, however, business booked is very appreciably below normal.

As we have frequently pointed out, the Far East and European are both short of Akola/Khamgaon styles grading about Fine and of reasonable staple. There will be a demand for this cotton but at present prices it will only be for quantities no larger than those definitely required. For any real and sustained broadening in export business there must first be an appreciable widening in parity.

There will be no very marked increase in selling pressure for about two months but we are of the opinion that it will not be possible to market the Indian crop without weakening the price relative to Americans and, during the present period of steady markets here, we favour sales of Broach against purchases in Liverpool.

AMERICAN WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS.

NEW YORK, October 14.

(In thousands).

	Season to-date.	This Season week.	Season 1931|32.	This Week 1931.	
Total in sight (excluding linters)	3,409	599	3,953	843	Bales.
Forwarded to American Mill (including Canada and other America—excluding linters)	986	16..	1,056	140	„
Exports from U.S. Ports	1,548	211	1,117	179	„
Of which to Japan	239	50	276	15	„
Of which to China	65	2	198	17	„
Of which to G.B.	200	37	93	36	„
Of which to Germany	456	36	229	59	„
Stock at New York	....	205	....	230	„
Stock at U.S| Ports	....	3,862	....	4,062	„
Stock at U.S. Interior towns	....	1,803	....	1,349	„
World's visible supply	....	9,520	....	8,653	„
Of which American cotton	....	7.812	....	6,893	„
Forwarded to the World's Mill (excluding linters)	2,401	285	2,275	310	„
Receipts at U.S. Ports	2,117	347	2,521	523	„

MILL STORES QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Oct. 14.

(Messrs. Maganbhai Amin & Co.

Prices per Tons:—

China Clay, No. 999 quality Rs. 75/; China Clay, No. 777 quality Rs. 68/; China Clay No. 333 quality Rs. 55/.

Prices per Cwt.

Farina Douole Sifted Rs. 7-14-0, Epsom Salt Rs. 5/; Sago Flour, 1st quality Rs. 4-12-0; Maize Starch Pearl, Continental Rs. 7-3-0; Dextrine (Potato) White Rs. 9-11-0; Zinc Chloride Rs. 16/; Magnesium Chloride, German Rs. 4-7-0; Australian Mutton Tallow, White Rs. 22-8-0; Turkey Red Oil, Concentrated Rs. 43/; Bleaching Powder, United Alkali, small packing Rs. 8-2-0; Bleaching Powder, Electro, German, small packing Rs. 8-2-0; Sodium Sulphide, German, small packing Rs. 10/; Sodium Sulphide English, large packing Rs. 8-4-0; Soium Sulphide, German, small packing Rs. 10/; Sodium Sulphide. German, large packing Rs. 8-4-0; Bichromate of Potash, small packing Rs. 44/; Soda Ash, German Rs. 7-4-0; Bichromate of Soda, small packing Rs. 40; Brown Sugar of lead, small packing Rs. 34/; Litharge Flake, French, small packing Rs. 25/.

Prices per lb.:—

Hydro Sulphide B.A.S.F. Rs. 0-10-3; Hydro Sulphide, English Rs. 0-10-0; Aniline Salt, Electro Rs. 0-10-0; Ant'mony Salt Rs. 0-8-0; Acetic Acid Rs. 0-6-0; Formalde-Hyde- Rs. 0-6.3.

STERLING SHARE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Oct. 14.

Messrs. Forbes and Lund have received the following quotations by special Cablegram from London to-day:—

Name of Company.	Lates. Prices. £
Assam Bengal Railway Ordy Stock	73 0 0
Attock Oil Co. Ltd.	0 11 0
Bengal Iron 7½ Preference	0 6 3
Bengal-Nagpur Rly. Ord. Stock	87 0 0
Burma Corporation Ltd.	0 10 9
Calcutta Tramways (Ordy)	0 17 3
Canadian Eagle Oil Co.	0 6 9
De Havilland Aircraft Co. Ltd.	0 16 6
Egyptian Markets Ord.	1 7 0
Eastern Bank Ltd.	5 1 0
Hongkong & Shanghai Bankg Corpn.	116 0 0
Indian Copper Corporation	
San Paulo Coffee 7½ p.c. (Ord.)	0 1 3
Debs.	91 0 0
London & Rhodesian Mining and Land	0 4 0
Nitrate Railway (Ordy)	1 8 0
Rangoon Electric Tram. & S. Ord.	1 13 6
Shahdara Saharanpur L. Rly. 4½ p.c. Deb.	80 0 0
Tata Iron & Steel 7 p.c. Debentures	106 0 0
Tata Power 7½ p.c. 'B' Debs 1939/50	108 10 0
Brazilian 5 p.c. Funding Loan (1914)	61 0 0
Cables & Wireless 7½ p.c. Ord. A. Stock	27 15 0
Canadian Pacific Rly. Co. Stock dol	21 0 0
French 4 p.c. Rentes 1918 London Issue	27 5 0
San Paulo Coffee 7½ p.c. (1926)	56 0 0
(1926)	56 0 0

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

Statement of the affairs of the Bank, as on the 7th October 1932.

LIABILITIES.

Subscribed Capital	11,25 00 000	
Capital Paid up	5,62 50 000	
Reserve	5,15 00 000	
Public Deposits	6,02 31 000	
Other Deposits	68,64 87 000	
Loans against securities per contra	—	
Loans from the Government of India under Section 20 of the Paper Currency Act, against Inland bills discounted and purchased per contra	—	
Contingent Liabilities	—	
Sundries	1,40 52 000	
Rupees	86,85 20 000	

ASSETS.

Government Securities	2774 20 000	
Other authorised securities under the Act	2,01 80 000	
Ways and Means Advances to the Government of India	3,75 00 000	
Loans	6,82 29 000	
Cash Credits	19,01 78 000	
Inland bills discounted and purchased	1,66 05 000	
Foreign bills discounted and purshased	17 35 000	
Bullion	—	
Dead Stock	2,66 38 000	
Liability of Constituents for contingent liabilities per contra	—	
Sundries	49 73 000	
Balances with other Banks	8 06 000	
	64,42 64 000	
Cash	22,42 56 000	
Rupees	86,85 20 000	

The above balance sheet includes—

Deposits in London £1,315,000.
Advances and Investments in London £1,439,700.
Cash and balances at other Banks in London £62.900.
Percentage 29.47.
Bank Rate 4 per cent.

MEMORANDUM.

LIABILITIES.

Public Deposits Rs. 8,01.64,000 decrease.

Other Deposits Rs. 3,21,91,000 increase.

ASSETS.

Bank's Investments Rs 10,89,000 decrease.

Loans Rs. 64.80,000 decrease.

Cash Credits Rs. 93,18,000 decrease.

Bills discounted and purchased Rs 31,25,000 decrease.

Cash Rs. 6,54,58.000 decrease.

Ways and Means Advances to the Government of India Rs. 3,75,00,000 increase.

Percentage 29.47.

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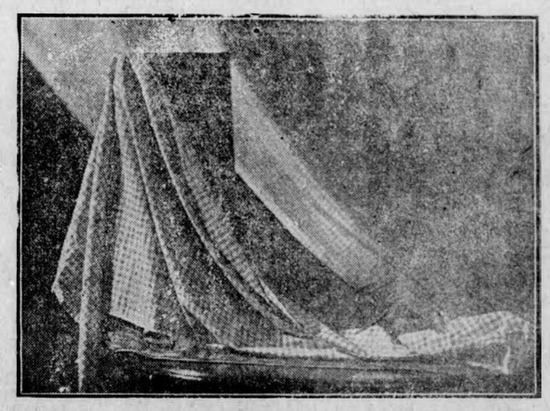

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INDIAN STUDENTS IN GERMANY

The Secretary, Central Association of Indians and President, International Students' Club, Munich, writes:—

Already the world at large is conscious of the great forces of culture and civilisation confined within the boundaries of the great Indian peninsula. The voice of great Indian poets, philosophers, scientists and patriots have already been heard in every tide of young Indian pilgrims of knowledge will soon overflow even the remotest centres of culture and education. It it worth while therefore to make now a survey of the Indian students in Germany, the favourite resort of the Muses—the Germany endowed with a Classical mind even in this modern age. Such a survey has become a peremptory necessity to-day on account of the inaccurate statement made a short time ago by the High Commissioner for India in London that there are about fifty Indian students in Germany: it may be safely asserted that at least hundred bona fide students of Indian nationality were studying in Germany during the summer sevester 1932 which is just over

Without much exaggeration it may be hazarded that the whole cultural life of France is centralised in Paris, and mawke allowance for a little exaggeration, it may be safely said that there are no more than half a dozen Universities in Great Britain where the Indian student wouud care to go to. But Germany offer a very different picture in this respect. Again making allowance for a little exaggeration, one may assert that every one of the twenty-four Universities of school of learning with its own Germany represents a particular school of learning with its own particular views and traditions and also with its own peculiar prides and prejudices. In all other countries scientific research is carried on by team work on the basis of mutual aid and assistance.

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Common Gauze 5' Height	Rs. As. 3—12	Rs. As. 4—0	Rs.As. 4—4	Rs. As. 4—10	Rs. As. 5—0	Rs. As. 5—8
Superior Gauze 5½' Height	5—0	5—6	5—12	6— 2	6—8	7—0
Indian double Net 5½' Height	8—8	9—0	9—8	10— 0	10—8	11—8

Curtains of any size are made to order.

In the sphere of education and culture it has naturally led to complete decentralisation.

He who wishes to acquaint himself with the true academic life of Germany has therefore to visit not only the big Universities situated in big cities like Berlin Frankfurt, Munich and Leipbiz, but also the unpresentious but hardly less important seats of learning.

During the summr semester 1932 which is just over, in Berlin alone there were 39 bona fide students of Indian nationality, most of them in the University or the Technische Hochschule and the rest in other state recognised educational institution s.Some of them were carrying on post-Graduate or post-Doctorate research works as casual students. Moreover at least 10 Indian students were taking practical training in various indusrial concerns in the same city. Munich, coming next, could boast of 25 Indian students excluding 2 who were taking practical training. As in Berlin, the overwhelming majority of the Munich students were in the University or the Technische Hochschule.. 2 of the 3 casual students were carrying on post-Doctorate research works. No less than 4 Indian students took Doctorate in course of the last semester: the Munich students may well congratulate themselves on this brilliant success. It has to be borne in mind in this connection that almost all the Indian students in German Universities or Technische Hochschules are working for Dostorate, the highest degree conferred by the German Universities. There were at least 35 more bona fide students of Indian nationality scattered in the Universities and Technische Hochschules of Bonn, Hannover, Frankfurt, Stuttgart, Darmstadt, Tubingen, Leipzig, Dresden, Jena, Heidelberg, Munster, Gottingen, Freiburg, Karlsruhe and Koln. Inculding the Indian students in the special institutions connected with various industries, like the textile schools of Krefeld, Chemnitz, etc., and the various Meisterschules, the total number of bona fide students of Indian nationality in Germany during the summer semester 1932 may be safely set down at well over hundred at the most conservative computation, excluding the numerous Indian sudents taking practical training in various industrial concerns in Germany.

Thus we see that Young India is at last learning to appreciate and admire German scholarship. The phenomenal increase in the number of Indian students in Germany is an index of the ardour which inspires them: four years ago there were only four Indian students in Munich, now there are aabout thirty. This is surely a move in the right direction.

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MERE JUSTICE TO HARIJANS

Rajendra Babu's Appeal To Andhra Hindus

(From Our Correspondent.)

MADRAS, Oct. 14.

Do not imagine for a moment that this question of temple entry can be settled by only pandits and priests. Each and every woman of the Hindu society should take up this question and try to solve it. I know that there is a great deal of prejudice in existence against the temple entry for Harijans. It has to be conquered, not by the sword but by persuasion and reasoning," declared Babu Rajendra Prasad, addressing a public meeting at Ellore on October 12 on the temple entry question. Mr. M Bapineedu presiding.

Rajendra Babu who received a great ovation said: "The world changes from time to time. Customs and usages grow in spite of reformers. They have to change as circumstances require. All kinds of invasions of India took place in the past. In spite of them all, the Hindu society, the Hindu nation and the Hindu religion survive. It shows that the Hindu religion has the marvellous capacity to accommodate itself to changing times and circumstances. It shows that the Hindu society has never been lifeless. We are now again put to a test and the Poona Pact shows the vitality, the life and the capacity in our society will continue.

LAW OF GROWTH.

"The dead cannot grow. The living thing grows. This applies to plants, stones and animals. This equally applies to human beings and animals. I ask the Hindus to consider this question of removing Untouchability' from a wider and broader stand-point. The so-called higher caste Hindus cannot keep out millions of their sisters and brothers for all time to come and at the same time claim that the Depressed Classes are a part and parcel of their own community. They cannot claim credit for this. I am not asking the caste Hindus to dine with the Harijans. I am not asking them to do in inter-caste marriages with them. I am only asking the Caste Hindus to permit the Harijans to enter their temples, to mix their children with the Harijan children and allow the Harijans to draw water from all wells. If this is done, the caste system will be preserved and the Hindu community will be saved from disruption.

MERE JUSTICE.

"Do not agree to this reform out of fear but you must do it out of love and clear justice. Let all casses of the Hindu society join in this great work of national regeneration. Realise that this is service to the Hindu society and do it humbly."

"REDS" AND BRITISH BLUEJACKETS

Copenhagen Leaflets

British bluejackets from the cruisers now on a visit to the port of Copenhagen received crudely got-up Communist pamphlets containing "red" propaganda, which were handed to them in the streets.

In accordance with the standing orders issued by he Admiralty at the time of Invergordon affair, they were at once handed by the men to their commanding officers. Such distributions, is is added, are common in all non British ports.

GUARANTEED REMEDIES

(Government Registered).

Best preventive and curatives by Dr. R Sen Gupta, M.D. (America) Principal George Medical College of Homoeopathy—(1) HEALTH REGULATOR for Nervous Debility and allied diseases; (2) HYDROCELE HAMMER for Hydrocele No operation is needed. (3) FEMALE FRIEND for Women's Diseases; (4) PILES CURE for Piles; (5) SAFE DELIVERY for Delivery cases; (6) DIABETES CURE for Diabetes; (7) FISTULA-ENEMY for Fistula; (8) DYSPEPSIA CURE for Dyspepsia; (9) EYE-STRENGTH for eye diseases (10) COLIC-CURE for Colic complaints; (11) ASTHMA ENEMY for Asthma; (12) INSANITY-CURE for Insanity Each medicine about 150 pills Re 1 (one rupee) only PRESCRIPTION AND MEDICINES ARE SENT TO MOFUSSIL PATIENTS Agents:—Messrs B K Paul & Co etc Sole Agents.—FRIENDS' HOMOEO-HOME 65/1 Maniktolla Street, CALCUTTA.

KING OF ITALY TO VISIT AFRICA

Red Sea Possession

Italy, seeking new fields for her surplus populatiton now that emigration to North and South America is closed to her people, is turning her eyes towards Africa.

King Victor Emmanuel sailed the other day from Brindisi aboard the Royal Yacht 'Savoia,' accompanied by Senator de Bono, Italian Minister of the Colonies on a visit to Eritrea the Italian possession on the Red Sea. With him went an escort of Cuirassiers and two destroyers.

King Victor's visit is the first ever pair by an Italian King to Italy's Red Sea possessions. The real objective of the visit appear to be:—

To arouse the interest of Italians in their Red Sea colonies; and to call the attention of the world to Italy's over-population problem.

The second of these objectives far overshadows the first. Through the King's visit Italy intends to tell the world that her attention has shifted to Africa following the action of the United States, Canada and Australia in shutting out her emigrants.

STIFFKEY RECTOR ON THE FILMS?

The General Council of the Cinematograph Exhibitors Association of Great Britain and Ireland have advised their members not to show any films featuring the rector of Stiffkey.

In a communication on the subject to the members the council say that it has been reported to them that such a film is proposed, and reminds them of "its policy to deprecate the exhibition of films which feature persons who have acquired notoriety as a result of court proceedings."

MORE GOLD THAN NOTES IN FRANCE

The Bank of France is now in the remarkabe position of holding more gold than there are notes in circulation. This week's return shows that the former now amounts to about 660,000,000 pounds, while the latter only reaches something over 642,000,000 pounds.

America's gold cover for note circulation is nearly 97 per cent. The Bank of England's gold cover represents only 39 per cent of the notes, while in Germany the proportion is only 25.7 per cent.

"LILY CHRISTINE" AT THE EXCELSIOR

Corinne Griffith's Triumph In Society Drama

How difficult it is for a man and woman, under modern conventions, to remain friends without society scandalising them, is shown in "Lily Christine" which was released at the Excelsior from Saturday. The film is based on a play by Michael Arlen, a writer who excels in the art of character-delineaton.

The chief distinction of the picture is the superb acting of Corinne Griffith who makes her appearance in a talkie after a long time since her triumphs on the silent screen. In her new role, she is a revelation, her voice, clear and well-modulated, adding to the charm of her dramatic acting. She has, at times, the mannerisms of Gloria Swanson, especially in her sophisticated moods.

In the role of Lily Christine, a high-souled woman who for a long time sacrifices happiness on the altar of "respectability" until her husband's persistent neglect drives her into the arms of a sincere friend, she displays remarkable powers in portraying the changes from the glowing happiness of a contented wife to the weary looks of a fast-going woman suffering from mental torture.

Colin Clive who will be remembered for his fine work in two previous talkies "The Journey's End" and "Frankenstein" makes his re-appearance in this picture, but his characterisation appears to be rather too serious for a sympathetic friend who befriends the much-misunderstood lady. Miles Mander, with his foreign accent was convincing in the role of Ambatriadi whose eccentricity is exemplified by his remark that "polygamy is the sincerest compliment that man can give to women"

"JUNE'S" LIBEL SUIT

It is stated that Lady Inverclyde ("June") has instituted an action for damages for libel against Odhams Press Ltd. (the proprietors of "John Bull") and their dramatic critic, Mr. Hannen Swaffer, consequent on the recent publication in "John Bull" of an article entitled "Hannen Swaffer's Open Letter to 'June.'"

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, Oct. 15.

December	6.40
January, 1933	6.46
March 1933	6.55
May	6.64
Middling Spot	6.50

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York Oct. 15.

October	6.30
December	6.40
Middling Spot	6.45

New York 10-55 a.m. (As knowin in Liverpool at closing time)—Closed.

New York, Oct. 15.
New York Noon Call:—Closed

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York Oct. 15.

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U. S. Ports	46,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	7,000
Day's exports to the Continent	21,000

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, Oct. 15.

Sakellaridis.—	
October	7.70
November	7.76
December	7.73
January 1933	7.84
March 1933	7.92
May 1933	7.99
July 1933	8.07
F.G.F. Spot	8.13

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, Oct. 15.

Broach:—	
Fully Good (Good Staple)	5.02
Fine (Good Staple)	5.14
Superfine (Good Staple)	5.26
C. P. Oomra:—	
Good (No 1 Staple)	5.11
Superfine (No. 1 Staple)	5.26
Choice (No. 1 Staple)	5.41
Bengal:—	
Good	4.25
Fully Good	4.35
Fine	4.45
Scinde:—	
Fully Good	4.35
Fine	4.45
Superfine	4.55

LIVERPOOL COTTON.
London, October 15.
10-10 a.m. To-day's Quotations. Price

October 1932	5.30	5.29
November 1932		5.26
December 1932		5.24
January 1933	5.23	5.23
February 1933		5.23
March 1933	5.24	5.24
April 1933		5.25
May 1933	5.26	5.26
June 1933		5.26
July 1933	5.26	5.26
August 1933		5.25
September 1933		5.25
October		5.25
Middling Spot		5.55

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London, October 15.
Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China £14.
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Register) £117.
P. & O. Banking Corporation £8.
National Bank of India £44.
Funding Loan 4 per cent. £109—5/8.
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent. £100—7/8.
Rupee Paber 3 1/2 per cent. £55.
Indian Stock Sterling Loan:—
3 per cent. £79.
3 1/2 per cent. £91.
4 1/2 per cent. £109—1/4.
Consols 2 1/2 per cent. £77—1/2
War Loan 5 per cent. £102—1/2
Victory Bonds 4 per cent. £108—7/8.

LONDON METAL.
London, October 15.
The market was closed.

NEW YORK DEMAND BILLS
New York, October 15
Demand Bills: Not quoted.

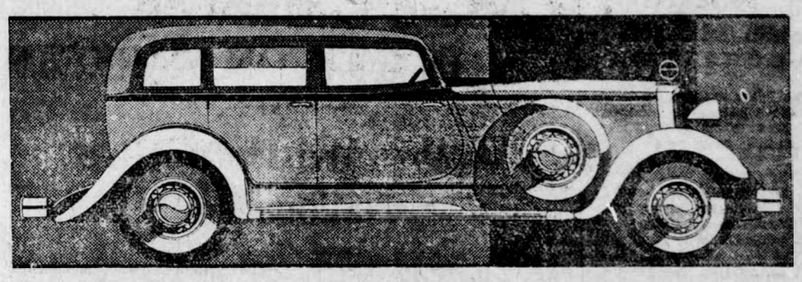
WHEAT: BALTIC EXCHANGE.
London, October 15.
Rozario Santa Fe, per 64lb. Cargoes 26/6 Oct/Nov. quoted.
Barletta Russo, per 64lb. Cargoes 26/3 Oct/Nov. quoted.
Wheat South Australian Parcels 26/9 Oct/Nov. sellers.
Wheat Choice White Karachi: No offers.

JAVA SUGAR: LONDON MARKET
London, October 15.
Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard.
No. 25 C & F Calcutta.—
Oct/Dec. per cwt. 8/1—1/2 sellers
C & F Bombay:—
Oct/Nov. per cwt. 8/2—1/4 sellers.
C & F Karachi:—
Oct/Nov. per cwt. 8/3—1/4 sellers
COFFEE: NEW YORK MARKET.
New York, October 15.
Fair Rio Coffee No. 7 Quality) Spot 8—3/4.

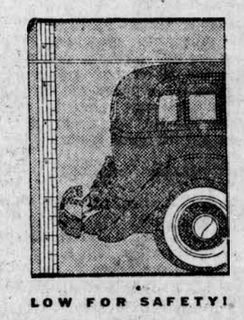
LONDON SILVER.
London, Oct. 15.
Silver.—Market is quiet.

Spot	17-11/16
Forward	17-13/16

LONDON GOLD.
London, Oct. 15.
Bars gold fine per oz. £5:19:10.



EXTREME NEW LOWNESS! NEW RIDING SAFETY!



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LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.
London, Oct. 15.

Interest Day to Day Loan	3/8 p.c.
Best 7-Days' Market Loan	1/2 p.c.
Bank Bills 3 Months	1-41/64 p.c.
Bank Bills 6 Months	1-51/64 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills, 3 Months	2-3/4 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills 6 Months	2-3/4 p.c.

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, Oct. 15.

T.T. London on Berlin	14.49
T.T. London on Amsterdam	8.56-3/4
T.T. London on Brussels	24.78
T.T. London on Madrid	42.09
T.T. London on Milan	67.28
T.T. London on Berne	17.83
T.T. London on Paris	87.78
T.T. London on Prague	116.15
T.T. London on New York (Closing Rate)	3.44-5/8

LONDON PRODUCE.
London, Oct. 15.
Cottonseed Bombay Hull ton—No offers.
Castorseed Bombay Hull ton—Sellers £12:3:9 Oct./Nov.
Rapeseed Torio, Hull/Continent—Sellers £12:0:0 Oct/Nov.

LINSEED.
London, Oct. 15.
Linseed Calcutta (London) ton—Sellers £10:16:3 Oct/Nov.
Linseed La Plata C I F Hull ton—Sellers £8:17:6 Oct.
Linseed Bombay (London) ton,—Sellers £11:17:6 Oct/Nov.

LINSEED OIL.
London, Oct. 15.
Linseed Oil naked London cwt—Sellers 17/3 Nov/Dec.
Linseed Oil naked London cwt—Sellers 18-1½ Jan./Apl.

LONDON RUBBER.
London, Oct. 15.
Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed lb. Spot—Sellers 2-15/32.

NEW GOLD RUSH ?

Mr. C F Chapman, leader of the Central Australian gold-seeking expedition, has returned to Adelaide with rich samples of ore.

He proposes to form a etribute company to provide miners' tools and food, and a company to undertake the crushing. The finder of a rich reef whilst working for the crushing company would receive a bonus.

He declares that his claims are 400 miles from Alice Springs and contain enough gold to absorb eventually the whole of Australia's unemployed.

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CITY AND SUBURBS

TO-DAY.

Hindu—Aasoe Vad 3, 1988.
Muslim—Jamadil Akhar 16, 1351
Parsi—Ardibesht 11, 1302.
Sunrise—6h 33m
Sunset—6h. 16m.
High Tide—1.46, 12.58.
Low Tide—7-04, 19-00.
Phases of the moon. Last Quarter 22nd Oct 10h 44m p.m. New Moon 29th Oct 8h 26m p.m. First quarter 5th Nov.

Municipal Corporation 3 40 p.m
Gossage Cup Football: Moslem Society vs. St Anthones. Cooperage 5-15 p.m.
Tuesday. October 18
Improvements Committee 4-10 p.m
Wednesday, October 19
Municipal Standing Committee 4-10 p.m.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

EXCELSIOR—"Lily Christine" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m
EMPIRE—"A Honeymoon Adventure." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EMPRESS—"My Wife's Family" Daily at 6.30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"When Feller Needs A Friend." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
RIALTO—"Hell Divers" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Congress Dances" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Dance Team." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m
WEST END—"Shyam Sunder" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m
GLOBE—"Gulru-Zareena" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee Friday 3 p.m.

TO-DAY'S INDIAN RADIO PROGRAMME:—12 noon selection of Gramophone Records; 7 p.m. light Music by Sonibai Mulgaoker; 9 p.m. News in Hindi.

"PRESENT CASTE SYSTEM":—To-day (Monday) at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.), Swami Omkar Sachidanand will deliver a public lecture on "Present Caste System among Hindus" in the Kalbadevi Arya Samaj Mandir. Questions will be answered after the completion of the lecture.

THE ZOROASTRIAN BROTHERHOOD:—Under the auspices of the Zoroastrian Brotherhood, Dastur Rustamji Edalji Sanjana will deliver a public lecture on the Divorce act according to the Zoroastrian Religion" at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, to-day (Monday) at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.)

"ZOROASTRIANISM":—Mr. R. K. Dadachanji will deliver a series of lectures on "Zoroastrianism" under the auspices of the Society for the Promotion of Zoroastrian Knowledge and Education, in the first floor hall of the Sir J. J. P. B. Institution (209, Hornby Road Fort). The first two lectures will be delivered at the above place on the 18th and the 21st instant at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) under the presidentship of Dasturji Rustomji Edulji Sanjana.

GATHA SOCIETY:—A meeting of the Gatha Society will be held to-morrow (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the K. R Cama Oriental Institute's Hall (Ravelin Street, Hornby Road Fort.. Ervad R. D. Dastur Meherji Rana will deliver a lecture on the "beginning Stanzas of Yasna Ha 28."

Kohinoor Depot

The Kohinoor (Swadeshi) Depot will be opened at O'd Post Office Lane Matunga (G. I P. Rly) by Mr. Nanji Ludha on Wednesday at 7 p.m

5-Mile Walking Race

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Nearly 20 competitors took part in a 5—mile walking race organised by the Kanara Saraswat Association this morning. The event was part of the programme in connection with the celebration of the D'vali festival. celebration of the Divali festival. The results of the race were: (1) H. Sunder Rao.. (2) H. R. Mohan, and (3) H Narayan Rao.

Nine Volunteers Arrested

BOMBAY, Saturday.

Nine Congress volunteers in all were arrested to-day by the Bombay Police for picketing.

Four of the volunteers were arrested while they were picketing a firm dealing in bicyles on Kalbadevi Road.

Two were arrested near the Cotton Market, at Marwari Bazaar.

One volunteer was arrested while picketing a firm of gold exporters at the Javeri Bazar.

Two volunteers were arrested in front of the firm of Messrs. Hasenbhai Premji on Frere Road.

COLAH AND CHAMPAK KNOCK UP CENTURIES

Jai Thrills Crowd By Hitting Three Sixers And 8 Fours, (81, Not Out)

BRIGHT CRICKET OF TWO DAYS ENDS IN A DRAW

PARSI GYMKHANA	..	353 for 6 wkts.
HINDU GYMKHANA	..	303 for 3 wkts.

(MATCH DRAWN).

A faultless century by Champak Mehta and bright batting by L. P. Jai was the feature of the match between the Parsi Gymkhana and the Hindus which was continued on Sunday. The match ended in a draw.

Jai delighted the crowds by hitting three sixs and eight fours in his score of 81, not out. Champak Mehta played a stylish game, and his 107 (retired) included 16 boundaries.

The Parsis who were 249 for four down, the previous day, continued their innings. Colah could add only 17 runs to his overnight's total and was caught out, when his score was 110. The Parsis declared their innings when the score was 353 for six wickets.

The Hindu innings was marked by the useful first wicket partnership between Champak Mehta and C. M. Rana. They are not separated till the score board showed 178. Rana was out at 79, and his score included a dozen boundaries. Jai joined Champak and between themselves they carried the score to 227, when Champak retired after scoring 107. His game was without a fault. When stumps were drawn for the day the Hindus had scored 303 for the loss of three wickets, and the match thus ended in a draw.

The following are the scores:—

PARSI GYMKHANA.

F K Nariman c and b Wadkar	28
F E Kapadia l.b.w. Gharat	79
S H Colah c Pandwal b Rana	110
N D Marshal c Godambe b Merchant	27
D R Hawevalla c and b Merchant	8
H N Contractor (not out)	43
P N Mehta c Wadkar b Rana	7
C D Billimoria (not out)	34
Extras	17
Total (for 6 wkts.)	353

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

S. R. Godambe 0 wkt. for 60 runs; V. V. Dhabolkar 1 for 30; A D Mundya 0 for 27; R R Wadkar 1 for 51; C M Rana 2 for 74; R P Gharat 1 for 59 and V M Merchant 2 for 35.

HINDU GYMKHANA.

Champak Mehta (retired)	107
C M Rana c Mehta b J Havewalla	79
L P Jai (not out)	81
R R Wadkar l.b.w.	
D Havewalla	18
V M Merchant not out	6
Extras	8
Total (for 3 wkts.)	303

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

N D Marshall 0 for 47; J F Havewalla 1 for 90; D R Havewalla 1 for 97; C Billimoria 0 for 22; H B Engineer 0 for 15 and F K Nariman 0 for 20.

ISLAM GYM. vs. CHIEF OF JATH'S XI.

A. U. Botawalla scored a century in a drawn match between the Islam Gymkhana and the Chief of Jath's XI. The following are the scores:—

ISLAM GYMKHANA.

Shakoor (retired hurt) 7; Nakhoda 4; Botawalla (not out) 104; Kadri 19; Hansia 10; Yusuf Ismail (not out) 15. Extras 15. Total for 4 wkts. 174.

CHIEF OF JATH'S XI.

P L Pereira 42; S P Kapadia 1; Ustagalli 26; Deshmukh 34; Dafle 6; Bhosale (not out) 8; Mirza 1. Extras 7. Total for 6 wkts. 125.

TAXI DASHES AGAINST LAMP POST

Occupants Escape With Slight Injuries

BOMBAY, Saturday.

A taxi carrying a European gentleman and a lady, which was going along Apollo Street Fort, at about 8 p.m. to-day suddenly swerved on to the footpath and dashed against a Municipal lamp-post just in front of Messrs. Phipson and Co. The inmates of the taxi escaped fortunately with only minor injuries.

The lower portion of the lamp-post was shattered and the right front portion of the car was completely smashed.

CHEMISTS' SHOPS PICKETED

Four Persons Arrested

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Chemists' shops in Dawa Bazar, Sheikh Memon Street received the attention of Congress pickets this afternoon.

Three persons who were picketing the shop of Messrs. Narrotam Girdhar were arrested by the Princess Street police.

The police kept a watch and arrested another man under the Ordinance. It is stated that he was directing the picketing activities, and instructing the pickets to post themselves in front of the shop.

DARING THEFT AT BANK OF INDIA

Mysterious Disappearance Of G. C. Notes Of Rs. 15,100

BOMBAY, Saturday.

A mysterious theft was committed this afternoon at the Bank of India office. Rs. 15,000 all in currency notes which was kept on the counter by a clerk of Messrs. Viram Ladha and Co., cotton brokers, while he was filling in the paying-in form, was removed within a few minnutes. The culprits have not yet been traced, and the C.I.D. (Crimes Branch) are investigating into the matter.

It appears that Kalyanji Shivji the clerk in question came to the Bank of India, at 11-30 a.m. with the intention of depositing the above amount belonging to the firm, in the Bank. After receiving the paving-in-slip, the clerk sat on a chair near the counter to fill in the form. Meanwhile he took out the amount from his pocket which was in currency notes, and after counting them kept them on his cap. He filled in the form which took only a few minutes, and after that looked for the notes which he found to his dismay were missing.

Although, he was seated very near the cap, he noted nothing unusual happening round about him, while he was writing. He immediately informed the police. Persons who were sitting nearabout the clerk were questioned about the incident and they are surprised to learn of the theft, as none of them noticed any theft being committed.

BIG HAUL OF CONGRESS LITERATURE

Worker Arrested On Suspicion

BOMBAY, Sunday.

A big haul of Congress propaganda literature consisting of over 30,000 leaflets and posters of various kinds was made and a man believed to be an active Congress worker was arrested by the Maharbavdi police when they raided two places in quick succession this afternoon.

The search of a room in a building at Duncan Road yielded two gunny bags full of Congress literature. The police raided another room in Jaffer Mansion, Chamarbaug Road, and recovered a packed wooden case which contained printed leaflets and posters.

The leaflets, numbered over 30,000 which were seized by the police. Among them were:

Leaflets entitled "Sir Purshottamdas on Cotton market picketing.

Leaflets entitled "Give up your bluff, Sir Purshottamdas"

Leaflets entitled "Appeal to cotton merchants."

Leaflets entitled "Importance of Gandhiji's fast" and boycott posters.

Inspector Raje and Sub-Inspector G. D. Patel carried out the raids.

KING NADIR SHAH'S ACCESSION

Celebration Of Third Anniversary

BOMBAY, Oct. 16.

At the invitation of Mr. Saljuqi, the Afghan Consul in Bombay, over sixty prominent citizens of all communities besides foreign Consuls were present at a dinner given at the Consulate on the 15 th instant to celebrate the third anniversary of the accession to the throne of Kabul of His Majesty King Nadir Shah.

TRIBUTE TO NEW RULER'S POLICY

Proposing the health of King Nadir Shah, Mr. G. K. Nariman dwelt on the progressive and peaceful policy of the new ruler and the reforms which he had effected and those which were under way. He laid particular stress on the tranquility prevailing in the country as attested by the two American ladies who had traversed the country from Herat to Peshawar.

CONSUL'S REPLY

The Consul, in his reply, thanked those who had accepted the invitation and said that the goodwill of Indians was highly appreciated by their Afghan brethren. The Consul observed that the policy of the Afghan administration was to preserve international peace owithout detriment to the interests of the motherland.

Mr. Bengali in a speech in Persian dwelt on the cordial relations between Afghanistan and Persia.—A. P.

THROWN OUT OF LORRY AND KILLED

BOMBAY, Sunday.

A Muslim was knocked down and received serious injuries this evening due to the collision of two lorries on De Lisle Road. While he was being removed by the police to the J. J. Hospital, he succumbed to the inujries.

It appears that at 7-30 p.m. A Municipal lorry was going towards Chinchpokli and another small lorry was coming from the opposite side on De'Lisle Road. As it had drizled in the evening the road was slippery and both the lorries skidded and collided Kassam who was sitting on the footboard of one of the lorries was knocked down and a wheel of one of the lorries went over him. Before the police could reach with him to the Hospital he expired.

Wayfarer Assaulted By Hooligans

BOMBAY, Sunday.

A Muslim named Shiek Ismail was brougrt to the G. T. Hospital at 10-30 p.m. by some of his relatives with two contused wounds on his head. He was bleeding profusely and was treated and allowed to go.

According to Shiek Ismail he was going along Musjid Bunder after finishing his work at about 9-30 when he was suddenly assaulted by some hooligans with sticks. He went to his relatives who removed him to the hospital. The Pydhonie Police who were informed of the incident are making enquiries.

RAID ON GAMBLING DEN

8 Pathans Arrested At Frere Road

BOMBAY, Sunday.

A room believed to be the haunt of Pathan gamblers in Agri Chawl, Frere Road, was raided by the Palton Road police this afternoon and eight Pathans were arrested.

The raid was carried out by Sub-Inspectors Dongre and Rane, under a warrant issued by the Deputy Commissioner of Police.

The police suspected that for some time past a room in Agri Building at Frere Road was being used for the purpose of gambling by a large number of Pathans. When it was raided by surprise, this afternoon, some of the Pathans, it is alleged, attempted to escape, but the police secured all teh eight persons found in the room.

It is alleged that instruments of gambling were also recovered from the room.

COMPLETE SUCCESS

(Continued From Page 1.)

daula Park, late this evening. The meeting was attended by a number of all India leaders including Mr. Abdul Majid and Dr Syed Mahmood.

The meeting which was the largest witnessed for some time past adopted a resolution congratulating Muslims on arriving at a compromise among themselves.

Maulana Shaukat Ali in the course of his speech said that it was a happy coincidence that communal differences of 1928 which began at Lucknow had now been composed at the same place. He was convinced that no progress was possible without communal peace and harmony and that was why he was keen on a settlement.

WILLING TO NEGOTIATE.

It is gathered that discussion at the Conference centred round Mr. Jinna's fourteen ponts. On the question of weightage the general trend of opinion was that it should be at least as much as was contained in the Premier's award. Maulana Mahomed Ali's formula is understood to have generally found favour, but the Committee appointed to negotiate with the leaders of other communities has been given wide scope in this respect, provided weightage as given in the award is maintained. It is held in responsible circles that as soon as the Committee has met Pandit Malaviya and others, either at Delhi or at Allahabad, and an aggreement has been reached the various Muslim groups will meet in a joint conference to discuss and ratify the scheme.

MORE CONFERENCES.

Similar conferences, it is understood, will be held among the Sikhs and Hindus to confirm the terms of negotiation. Great secrecy is maintained with regard to the terms of reference of the Committee, which is to meet Pandit Malaviya and others, but it is believed that they are so reasonable and fair that the leaders of other communities will not find it difficult to arrive at a just settlement of the communal question.—A. P.

MALAVIYAJI LEAVES FOR LYALLPUR

Dr. Karamchand As His Escort

LAHORE, Oct. 16.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya left this morning for Lyallpur accompanied by Dr. Karamchand Hiteshi, President, Trade Union Congress, who acts as medical adviser in view of the unsatisfactory state or the Pandit's health.—A.P.

PARLEYS WITH SIKH LEADERS

LYALLPURE, Oct. 16.

Pandit Malaviya and Raja Narendranath are conferring in camera with Sikh leaders including Sardar Ujjal Singh and Sardar Sampuran Singh, members of the Round Table Conference.

Mr. Ralliram, a Christian leader of Lahore, is also present. Pandit Malaviya is expected to address the open session of the Sikh Conference this evening.—A. P.

Assam Muslims' Support

LUCKNOW Oct. 15.

The Assam Muslim Association representing, as it claims, the entire Muslim community of Assam proper, has sent a telegram to Dr. Syed Mahmud wholeheartedly supporting the Lucknow Conference and agreement to electorate changes. Among the latest to arrive are Haji Abdullah Haroon M.L.A., Syed Mahamud and Chaudhri Zafarullah of Lahore.+A. P.

TEXT OF RESOLUTIONS

LUCKNOW, Oct. 16

'Whereas agreement and unanimity among Indian Muslims of different shades of opinion is condition precedent to the realisation of the legitimate aspirations of Mussalamans of India, and agreement between the various communities of India is essential to the attainment of responsible Government, and, whereas this Conference has reached complete unanimity as embodied in the All-Parties' Conference, in Delhi on January 1, 1929, and as amplified by the resolutions of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema held in Saharanpur in 1931 other than the question of system of separate electorate, this Conference declares that subject to definite acceptance of Muslim demands the method of election in provincial and central legislatures may be made subject to negotiations with other communities preferably on the basis of the principles contained in Maulana Mahomed Ali's formula or otherwise on any other satisfactory basis, subject to ratification by representative conference of Mussalamans."

"This conference welcomes the suggestion of Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya for the appointment of a committee of this conference to meet representatives of Hindus and Sikhs and while assuring him and all other Indian patriots that Mussalmans are next to none in their anxiety to show (?) the best interest of the country, hereby appoints a Committee to negotiate an agreed solution of the communal problem within the terms of resolutions of this conference relating to Muslim demands and amplified by the Jamiat-ul-Ulema Hind and Shia Conference."

SHAUKAT ALI'S INTERVIEW.

In the course of an interview Maulana Shaukat Ali said that they had all suffered grievously due to misunderstanding and mistrust. Time had come when they should adopt saner wiser and more reasonable attitude. He begged of all to get rid of their militant mentality and to strive for something which would give them honourable opening and honourable opportunity to everybody for the betterment of the country. He added that the Conference had authorised him to invite members of the Muslim Conference who had absented themselves to assist them and work with them and meet Pandit Malaviya and other Hindu leaders for friendly discussion to reach a happy agreement that might make India worth living. —A.P.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

MONDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1932

THE NEW MENACE

The Indian press has unanimously condemned the report of the Indian Delegation to Ottawa, while the Anglo-Indian press has hailed it more or less enthusiastically. This is natural enough when the proposals made in the report are clearly intended to help Britain far more than India. Indeed it is no exaggeration to say that under the Agreement India is sure to lose a great deal more than she may gain. Two ways in which the Agreement will hit India very hard deserve more attention than they have so far received. First, the Agreement is directly and indirectly a severe blow to the Swadeshi movement. Secondly, it will add much to the already heavy burden of taxation.

SEVERE BLOW.

The articles on which India is to give preference to Britain include chemicals, drugs, stationery, toilet requisites, leather manufactures, canned fruit and several others which India has begun to manufacture on a fairly large scale in response to the wide Swadeshi sentiment in the country. Though no special protective duties are laid on the imports of these articles, the present fairly high general revenue duties give some slight protection to the indigenous manufacturers. If now, under the Agreement the duties on British imports of these duties are lowered, that projection will go. If, on the other hand, the duties on non-British goods are raised, it will mean heavier taxes on India for Britain's benefit. To the extent the Agreement may succeed in stimulating our exports to Britain, it will stimulate only our export of raw materials, while it will positively hinder our wider industrialisation, our utilising our raw materials for our own manufactures.

NAIVE ASSURANCE.

As regards specially protected goods, like textiles, the Government of India's recent communique on the Agreement very naively assures the public that any preference to Britain is subject to the general reservation that it does not extend to commodities to which protective duties are applicable. This may mean two things not one. Charitably interpreted, it may mean that preference to Britain will not be carried so far as to prejudice the present or the future protection of Indian industries. But it may also mean in effect that protection to Indian goods will not be carried so far as to prejudice British interests. One knows but too well how the protection of Indian textiles is limited severely in the interests of Britain and how already preference to British textiles has been introduced by the back door. That preference may soon be extended on the familiar plea that various British textiles do not at all compete with Indian goods.

WORTHLESS PROTECTION.

That is not all. If India needs and asks for protection to some of the articles, like drugs and toilet requisities, Britain's vested interest in the shape of preference will induce her to oppose the demand. A compromise may then be effected under which there will be nominal protection which will not be carried so far as to prejudice Britain.

THE DANGER.

Preference to Britain is to be given either by reducing the duties on British goods or by enhancing those on non-British goods. The former course is not feasible as it will reduce national revenue. But the latter course will impose heavier taxes on the country for the benefit of Britain. When higher duties are demanded by the people themselves on certain goods like imported textiles, they hope that soon the protected industry will develop and will no longer need special protection and that the developed industry will be compensation enough for the initial high taxation.

IN THEIR GRIP.

But, as we have said before, Government will not carry protection so far as to prejudice British interests. For instance, so long as British preference remains only 10 per cent. or less, it is hardly likely that Government will consent to levy a high protective duty say of 60 per cent on imported textiles. The net result will be that the duties will be a high enough burden on the people but will not be high enough to protect the industries concerned and enable them soon to dispense with tariff protection. In short, so long as the British remain the final arbiters of Indian economic policy it is futile to hope for fair-play for India. Whenever her interests conflict with those of Britain the "subject" country is expected to bend the knee.

Emotion And Swaraj

It is to be regretted that the only helpful contribution which the Chairman of the Western India Liberal Association could make to the political controversies of the day, especially Mahatma Gandhi's efforts to settle the question of Depressed Classes representation, is a cynical criticism of everybody concerned and an amazing attempt to arrogate to himself matured and superior wisdom. It is very easy to criticise others, and for some years past the Bombay Liberals have assumed the role of general critics, particularly of the Congress and its leaders. The public have no knowledge of the part played by Sir Chimanlal Setalvad in the Yeravda talks but if he then took up the same position as he does now, all that we can say is that it was both unhelpful and irritating. Sir Chimanlal's chief complaint is that by refusing to come to terms with Dr. Ambedkar in London, Gandhiji has now been forced to concede to the Depressed Classes a larger number of seats than were demanded at the Round Table Conference. He charges the Mahatma with inconsistency and says that he was responsible for causing unnecessary "emotional excitement" in the country, by resolving to fast unto death.

UNCHARITABLE.

Sir Chimanlal seems to forget that Gandhiji and the majority of Congressmen are as much opposed to reservation of seats to-day as they were a year ago. If Gandhiji were free he would rather have made every effort to convert the Depressed Classes leaders to his point of view rather than accept the present settlement. When he set his face against reservations in London for the Depressed Classes, Gandhiji hoped by his propaganda in India to achieve what he could not achieve there, but the Government gave him no chance and he was arrested almost immediately after he landed on these shores. It is very uncharitable, therefore, to accuse him of inconsistency in this matter. He had to accept the lesser of the two evils. It is immaterial that Dr. Ambedkar has secured more seats than he had demanded in London. The point at issue is separate representation, and as long as it is not there it matters very little whether the Depressed Classes get a few more seats, or the Liberals. It is very easy to be wise after events, and to say that Dr. Ambedkar was given undue importance in the negotiations with the Mahatma is neither here nor there.

DMOLISHING ARTIFICIAL BARRIERS.

Sir Chimanlal is not right when he says that the primary elections under the Poona Pact in no way differ from separate representation and that all the "emotional excitement" was unnecessary. Primary elections are not the final elections, as even the Liberal will admit, and every person elected in the primary elections will have to face the general elections, and this is a provision which ought to go a long way in doing away with the artificial barriers between the caste Hindus and the Depressed Classes.

AN ADMISSION.

Apart from it the Liberal leader reluctantly admits that the fast has galvanised the whole Hindu community and has given a great momentum to the movement of breaking down the barriers" which existed. That in itself is a great gain and we make bold to say is worth all the sacrifice of Gandhiji and he would be the last man to grudge it. It is not by making logical, cold and unemotional speeches, —though they have their own uses, —that difficult problems are solved or an apparently impossible settlement arrived at. We ought to remember that the Yeravda Pact paved the way to a greater one, the one made at Lucknow. It is that "emotional settlement," to which Sir Chimanlal objects, which made the Lucknow discussions possible.

INFORMATION WANTED.

But after all these are irrelevant and comparatively stale matters. What the public want to know is whether the Liberals are still of the opinion that they should withhold co-operation from the Government, unless their demands are agreed to, or whether Government's supercilious silence has weakened their resolution. We are aware that Sir Chimanlal is unable to see eye to eye with the more virile and younger Liberals. But the resolution adopted by the Committee of All-India Liberal Federation still stands and the country would have been grateful to the Liberal leader of Bombay if he had thrown some light on the obscure situation, instead of indulging in irrelevant issues which have already been decided.

SUCCESS AT LUCKNOW

As we go to press comes the welcome news that the Lucknow Conference has proved a "complete success." This is the unanimous verdict of the delegates, wires our special representative. Maulana Shaukat Ali and his valiant friends deserve to be congratulated on their successful effort in securing a solution of Muslim inter-communal differences. The croakers, of course, stayed away from the Conference. But their carping criticism from a safe distance had no influence at all on the seekers after unity. The key-note of the resolutions passed at the Conference is that Muslims are no whit behind other communities in patriotism and that they are willing to negotiate with other communities for a final and lasting settlement. "Within a fortnight we shall have a united India", said Maulana Shaukat Ali, after the happy termination of his arduous task. We cordially share his hope and wish him God-speed. In his noble attempt he will find a worthy collaborator in Pandit Malaviya.

CASTE SYSTEM AND UNTOUCHABILITY

Biological Theories Of The Hindus

(By DR. G. V. DESHMUKH.)

Veda started with 4 castes. By the time of the Smriti period, we have an extra class including the 'Panchamas' untouchables or the Modern Harijans. How this class from the Ambasta to Chandala was produced by breeding and cross-breeding and were given occupations of a degrading character, has been shown by Manu-smriti—the book of authority for the Hindus.

MANU AS A MIRROR OF THE TIMES.

Manu Smriti is an invaluable book, as a record of contemporary thought and describing the Hindu Society as it then existed—socially politically and in philosophic thought, it is unparalleled. It may be left to scholars to decide whether it was a metrical composition following Dharma sutras, and whether it was before Mahabharat or after. For practical purposes it is sufficient that it is a very very ancient book and giving a faithful record "a mirror of those times". There are many ways of looking at the book. On looking at it with eye of Faith, or mind of contempt, the treasures of material from the critical point of view as well as the Biological and Social standpoint are completely lost. There are many contradictions in the Smriti on important points, which are very difficult to be reconciled from the standpoint of the Faithful, or the Scholar.

MANU RECORD OF A DEBATE.

Looked upon as a record of a debate mentioning divergent view on important points, leaving the decisions open, or merely giving advice and not mandatory, the contradictions become more intelligible. Proofs are not wanting in the Smriti itself for this view; but this concerns more the scholar. From the Social and Biological side it is most important that all the contradictions should have been included in the Book and faithfully recorded.

The questions which are apt to rise in thinking minds on reading this wonderful record are

1. Whether this disconcerting classification the product of breeding and cross breding is based on any underlying hypothesis or whether it is just only a disorder, mixture pot pouri or hotch-potch?
2. Were the degrading occupations of this new class in existence before, or did they spring up after the class came into existence.

HINDU THOUGHT.

To say that the new order mixture or hotch-potch came into existence and was accepted by the Hindus without any underlying principle is not to give due respect to Hindu thought—that thought, which sought unity in diversity, and tried to find one simple supreme principle behind this complex, varying panorama of the world.

With all its luxury of Yogic and wild imagination Hindu mind likes to go to 1st principals, and is coldly analytic. It works on Hypothesis.

Is there, therefore, any Biological theory behind this breeding and cross breeding classification?

SIMILES FROM AGRICULTURE.

Ancient Hindus soon settled down to agriculture. Their life breathes of agriculture. Pictures of milk and honey, heads of cattle and cowpens, licking cows and loving calves make soothing pictures amidst the prayers and mantras, oblations and fire, and the turmoil and flames of sacrifice. Their ideas no less than their actions are influenced by the agricultural surroundings. Their similes, metaphors, analogies would originate in ideas of agriculture.

SEED AND SOIL.

For the production of life Seed and Soil would be the first idea originated. Whether it took its origin as an analogy or simile it soon took form of a vital principle of life.

This idea is not without its application in modern sciences of Bacteriology and Medicine. My medical friends will remember the theory of Tubercle Bacilli falling on stony ground and suitable ground.

Besides Psycho-analysts have already traced the steps by which a simile and metaphor loses one term and the other acquires its own objectivity and is turned into a vital symbol or principle of life —the so-called 'Decay of Metaphor' of Philologists and linguists. Seed and Soil has become the vital theory of the life of Hindoos. But of the two which is the more important? The Seed or the Soil? The Hindoo thought has not been passive and stagnant as modern orthodox people or foreigners would have us believe; instead it has been active, debating, moving, even challenging.

SEED PARAMOUNT.

By sacred tradition, the male and female are the Seed and Soil (Manu IX 33). The Seed has been given the primary and preponderating importance. The Father himself is born as an embryo (IX 8. Manu and Tait).

In whichever soil a seed grows, it produces its own kind, even in the case of grain (Manu IX 8, 36, 37, 38) the seed is of supreme importance. With their quaint way of putting things in religious form, in Yama's Loka the seed belongs to the begetter (Apastambha II, 6, 13- 7). Therefore however, Mantras, Rites and ceremonies may distort in this world. This principle of the importance of the seed is paramount in the next world:—What modern can deny that this is a very wholesome, clean, principle advanced? That modern orthodoxy must be blind who says that Hindoo thought is fossilised—but then what happens to the divine ancient system of adoption? And Dattaka-dipikas and Dattakachandrikas?

In the Anuloma marriages the principle of the importance of seed seems to be maintained. As later on applying the modern Biological theories of 'Gens' one may have to refer to the mixed castes of Hindoos for easy reference and understanding tables might be useful.

Anuloma marriages where the children born are APASADAS—Baseborn: The marriages one degree lower are 'Savarnas.'

Females	MALES.		
	Brahmin	Kshatriya	Vaisya
Kshatriya Vaisya Sudra	Ambastha Nishada Parashava Madgu	Ugra	

Pratiloma marriages: Inverse order

Females	MALES.		
	Sudra	Vaishya	Kshatriya
Brahmin Kshatriya Vaishya Sura Females	Chandal Kshatriya Ayogava.	Vaidehi Magadi	Suta

Secondary crosses:

Females	MALES		
	Brahmin	Kshatriya	Vaidehaks
Ayogava Ambastha Ugra	Dhigwan Abhira Avrita	Swapaka	Vena

This is Hindoo thought on the down grade, decomposing. This is what Hindooism came to when the dignity of the seed was degraded, in spite of clear injunctions of the old Rishis, and observation of Nature. Not so in the older times, when the Hindoo had the courage to stand by his principles and Vaisishtha the son of a demi-mondaine, Vyas the son of a fisherwoman and Parashar the son of a Swapacha—dog eating female became the Brahmin of Brahmins. That was dignity of the seed.

(Continued).

Notes of the Day

Short-Sighted Capitalism.

When the majority of capitalists all over the world are demanding a reduction in wages, it is gratifying to find Lord Beaverbrook's paper the "Daily Express" opposing such a suicidal step. He agrees with the Socialists in that respect. The paper is of the opinion of Ford that the more you give workers the more it enables them to buy and thus help the trade. The paper writes Higher wages is the only road to prosperity. Higher wages mean more money in the pockets of the people who buy goods in the shops Therefore higher wages means a demand for more and more goods." There is nothing novel in the idea, because, others have put it into practice and succeeded, but that a reactionary and a capitalist should take up the cry is some consolation. Lord Beaverbrook also thinks that every worker in England is entitled to a job. We wish we could say the same about India where unemployment is universal. "It should be a job which yields a fair reward for labour done" the paper writes. Only in this way can the depression be helped to disappear.

Armaments And Debts.

In her present mood America is not at all inclined to cancel the huge debts payable to her by the European countries and Mr. Hoover has definitely set his face against such a move. This question will never be settled unless France climbs down and agrees to disarm herself if not completely at least to bring herself in line with other countries. It is only France that is standing in the way of an understanding and no amount of farcical discussions as Geneva will mend matters. Both Russia and Italy agree with Germany that either she should be allowed to arm herself or in the alternative France should shed some of her huge armaments. As long as the European nations continue to waste such huge sums on armaments and plead poverty at the same time, the United States will insist on her pound of flesh and rightly too. France is playing a dangerous game with the connivance of Sir John Simon.

Facing Both Ways.

It is unfortunate that some lukewarm reformers professing to do anti-untouchability propaganda often evince a disposition to run with the hares and hunt with the hounds. They are loud in their condemnations of untouchability but, when called upon to translate their professions into practice they pander to orthodox opposition by changing their main objective. Instead of attempting to educate the caste Hindus, and to drive away from their mind the impure and inhuman notion of untouchability, they pretend that the immediate and real need of the so-called untouchables is to educate them to purify their lives and generally to improve their status in society. There is a false and cruel suggestion here that the untouchables are themselves responsible for their depressed condition and that if they were pure and educated enough, caste Hindus would naturally admit them into their fold. There would be some sense in this if untouchables of education and status were regarded as equals by caste Hindus as a matter of course. As it is, they are doomed to untouchability by the sheer accident of their birth, irrespective of their education and status.

The Main Objective.

It is highly desirable that all earnest workers for the removal of untouchability should have clear ideas about what is their main objective. It is, first and foremost, to banish the thought from the minds of the caste Hindus that certain classes are to be treated as untouchables because of their birth. Just as a caste Hindu, whatever his education or status, is given free access to public places and Hindu temples so long, at any rate, as he is clean enough in his person and dress, even so, every untouchable, whatever his education or status, should be given free access to public places and Hindu temples, so long at any rate as he is clean enough in his person and dress. Education and general ameliorative work is good, very good, alike for the untouchables and millions of destitute and ignorant touchables. But it is wrong and unfair to regard it as any substitute for the removal of the institution of untouchability and to concentrate efforts on the former while professing to end untouchability in the immediate future.

BY THE WAY

(By A Gentleman With A Duster)

As I said in my criticism of certain aspects of that notorious deal, the Ottawa Trade Agreement, I was one of the few persons who was enabled to read through the whole of it, on the very day of its issue to the Press. And I notice that, after the lapse of three days, while comments on it in the Indian Press, are naturally of an unfriendly character, and it has received laudatory notice in the Anglo-Indian Press, the people most concerned, the Indian business community, are still awaiting a detailed knowledge of the document. No copies of this important Government publication are yet available. These are, indeed, inscrutable methods of publicity. Why should not a document of this kind, containing proposals of far-reaching importance, proposals which, as I have pointed out, are a cruel reminder of the economic subjection of India to Britain, have been put on the market immediately on the day of its issue?

* * * *

As it is the business community is handicapped in its criticism of the Indian "delegation's" handiwork at Ottawa. The Anglo-Indian Press in its summary of the proposals has, as was expected, made much of the difficulties with which Sir Atul Chatterjee and company were faced and patted them on their backs for doing the best of a bad job. But businessmen must study the document in detail and offer considered and detailed criticism. One thing is evident. Even from the Press summaries they must be convinced of their urgent duty to mobilise public opinion and warn the Legislature that it will be doing a grievous injury to India's industrial advance if it ratifies these anti-national proposals.

* * * *

Editorial courtesy also enables me as I write this to read Mr C. N. Vakil's letter criticising Mr. Shroff's "optimism." I looked up what Mr. Shroff said. The learned professor is unnecessarily apprehensive. I too hold with Mr. Shroff that the only redeeming feature of the Agreement is the right given to either party to denounce it at six months' notice. As things are the present legislature may be "samjaoed" into passing it. But both Mr. Vakil and Mr. Shroff are on the same ground when they regard it as the urgent duty of commercial bodies to mobilise public opinion to denounce this infamous deal.

MR. SHROFF'S "OPTIMISM"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I find that in the interview of Mr. A. D. Shroff on the Ottawa Trade Agreement published by you on Friday last, he gives the opinion that "the only redeeming feature in the Ottawa Agreement is the right given to either party to denounce the Agreement by six months' notice." Mr. Shroff believes that the Agreement will be passed by the present Assembly, but he hopes that it will be possible to denounce the same when the new constitution comes into being.

At the rate at which the new constitution is being made, it is impossible to give a definite time limit as to when the new Legislature will come into existence. Let us put it at the minimum two years from now; perhaps it will be more. Besides, the new Legislature will be faced with many problems and it will not be possible for it to consider the Trade Agreement immediately, particularly because by that time it will involve a more complicated statistical study.

In the two or three years that must thus elapse, the existing trade relations will have been thoroughly disturbed, and new trade relations will have been formed. The vested interests thus created will be a powerful force against a change in the right direction. Besides, if the optimism of Mr. Srroff regarding the new Legislature proves even partially false, the difficulties will be greater.

I write this to point out that the view expressed by Mr. Shroff is liable to misconstruction. If the Trade Agreement is not in the economic interests of the country, it is the duty of commercial bodies to mobilise public opinion in the right direction even now and not to give up the effort in despair.

—Yours, etc.,

C. N. VAKIL.

School of Ecoromics.
Bombay University.

LANCASHIRE DEMANDS MORE INDIAN COTTON

INDIAN DELEGATION'S PLEA FOR MEDIUM STAPLE AND BETTER MARKETTING FACILITIES

The United Kingdom Trade Representatives at Ottawa emphasized the importance of increasing Lancashire's consumption of Indian Cotton, in their report and referred to early arrangements for placing proposals before the trade in details. The Indian Delegation to Ottawa taking note of this, suggests that a wide-market for the improved types of Indian Cotton could be of real value to the Indian grower, and emphasizes the necessity for better marketing facilities.

We publish below sections 48 to 51 from the report of the Indian Delegation to Ottawa on the Trade Agreement dealing with Indian Cotton and Manganese imports into the United Kingdom.

(48). The most important of all India's export commodities is raw cotton and throughout the negotiations we lost no opportunity of making clear our view that all possible steps ought to be taken to promote its sale in the United Kingdom. In the five years from 1926 to 1930, India exported on average 628,0z0 tons of cotton a year, but only 6 per cent. was consigned to the United Kingdom, while the United Kingdom imported 529,000 tons a year, but only 7-1|2 per cent. of this was Indian cotton.

SHORT STAPLE.

The root cause of this disparity is well-known. The great bulk of the Indian cotton crop is of short staple, whereas the Lancashire industry has specialised more and more in the finer qualities of goods, for which long staple cotton is required. It is also true that by far the greater portion of India's requirements of cloth for which Indian cotton is suitable is manufactured in India itself. On the other hand, Lancashire markes cotton piece goods for other markets besides India, the piecegoods imported into India from other countries are largely made from Indian cotton, and every year the quantity of larger staple cotton grown in India suiable for Lancashire use tends to increase.

INDIAN COTTON FOR LANCASHIRE.

Discusions with the United Kingdom trade representatives at Ottawa showed it to be common ground that the improvement in Indian cotton growing during recent years has made it practicable for English spinners to use substantially larger quantities of Indian cotton than hitherto, and that such a development would be of mutual benefit to both countries. No special technical difficulties militate against an increased use of Indian cotton in Lancashire, and in the last few years the quantities purchases shown an increase. In these circumstances we raised the question of a duty on foreign cotton in the United Kingdom but the British Delegation made it plain to us that they could not entertain this suggestion, and that the interests of their own industry placed it out of court. We have no reason to complain of this attitude, for the importance of cheap raw materials to a great industry, more particularly when it is mainly dependent on its export markets, is obvious; and indeed, when the question of the permanent retention of a duty on machinery in India, with a preference to the United Kingdom, was raised from the British side, the position we ourselves felt compelled to take up was not dissimilar. In both cases the interests of domestic industries were held to be paramount.

SAME HANDICAPS.

(49). When a duty on foreign cotton imported into the United Kingdom was found to be impossible there still remained the question whether the increased use of Indian cotton by the spinners of the United Kingdom, could be stimulated by other methods. It is the best Indian cottons—particularly the newer 'growths' of medium stapled cottons—which are most suited for Lancashire requirements, and the United Kingdom cotton trade representatives stated that, although the use of Indian cotton in Lancashire was undoubtedly spreading, the better types of Indian cotton are not widely known in Lancashire, and that in buying Indian cotton the Lancashire spinners is hampered by a lack of market facilities of the kind which he is accustomed to obtain when buying American or Egyptian cotton.

"REMOVE MARKETING" DIFFICULTIES.

Proposals were put forward for an organisation, on which the United Kingdom cotton Trade Association and the Indian Central Cotton Committee would be represented, the functions of which would be to bring the Lancashire spinner into closer touch with Indian source of supply, and to arrange for the interchange of information and for such technical and commercial assistance as might be needed. We considered cotton research to be adequately provided for already by the Indian Central Cotton Committee and by the British Cotton Industry Research Association, and that, while the United Kingdom cotton trade organisations must be the judges of what further propaganda is needed amongst Lancashire spinners in order to popularise Indian cotton, the removal of such marketing difficulties as exist is more important. Considerable advantage should be derived fro many organisation which would ensure the presence, at all times, in Lancashire of stocks of Indian cotton large enough to meet spinners' requirements promptly and to afford an adequate selection; stocks of the desired size and variety are unlikely to be carried by purely commercial concerns until the demand for Indian cotton in Lancashire is both larger and more certain than at present. No difficulty would be met with by an organisation of the type proposed in furnishing United Kingdom spinners with full information about the quality and supply of the various Indian cottons. The results of our discussions at Ottawa were to be placed before the various Cotton Trade Associations of the United Kingdom on their return in order that a definite scheme might be prepared.

GOVT PROMISE CO-PERATION.

In a report published on their return from Ottawa, the United Kingdom Cotton trade representatives emphasise the importance of increasing Lancashire's consumption of Indian cotton, and refer to early arrangements for placing proposals before the trade in detail. In Article 8 of the Agreement, His Majesty's Government promise their co-operation in any practicable scheme on these lines; it is unnecessary to emphasise the potential value of this provision. A wider market for the improved types of Indian cotton would be of real value to the Indian cotton grower and would do much to encourage the development of cotton growing in India on sound lines with properly balanced production of the different types and staples. With the increased area available for the production of medium staple cotton as a result of the completion of the Lloyd Barrage Canal scheme in Sind this is a matter of great importance.

MANGANESE.

50. Another very important Indian export commodity is manganese. During the five years 1926 to 1930, India exported 600,000 tons on the average, while the United Kingdom imported 200,000 tons a year, so that the Indian trade is largely dependent on the Continental markets, and in these the competition of low-grade Russian ore has in recent years become very severe. In the United Kingdom, however, Indian manganese still retains its predominance, the supplies from India amounting to 83 per cent. of the quantity imported from 1926 to 1930. The higher grade of the ore makes it suitable for the steel manufacturing processes mainly in the United Kingdom, and it is because other processes are often used on the Continent that the low-grade ore has found favour there. We made special inquiries to ascertain whether the reorganisation contemplated in the British iron and steel industry might lead to the adoption of processes involving a larger use of the low-grade ore, but the assurances we received satisfied us that this was unlikely. Manganese, being a raw material of industry, is free of duty in the United Kingdom and not included in any of the schedules to the Agreement. We thought it worthwhile, however, to mention it here, because the Indian production has already diminished considerably under the pressure of foreign competition and if India's position in the United Kingdom market were ever threatened, it might be necessary to take the matter up again. The imports of foreign ore into this United Kingdom should, we think, be kept under observation.

CASE FOR PREFERENCE.

51. It is not necessary to discuss in much detail the goods specified in Schedule C. on which the maintenance of the existing margin of preference is guaranteed. In all cases, with the exception of tobacco and tea, the preference originated with the Import Duties Act, and are the result of the new policy adopted by His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom. In some cases, such as manufactures, tanned hides and skins, jute manufacturers, teak castor seed, tea and groundnuts while there may be some expansion of the demand for Indian products, the chief importance of the preference is that it secures the trade against actual or potential competition and ensures the maintenance of the position which India has already acquired in the United Kingdom markets. In other cases, such as oilseed, cake and meal, paraffin wax, hardwoods other than teak, and woollen carpets and rugs, there is more room for development, and the effect of the preference should be a gradual increase in the demand for Indian products.

Three of the commodities in the Schedule, namely mangesite, sandalwood oil, granite setts and kerbs, were specially brought to our notice by producers in the Indian States concerned. The preference on granite setts and kerbs is of special interest as it may possibly lead to the development of a new trade.

IMPORTS FROM INDIA.

The value of the imports from India into the United Kingdom of the goods specified below is shown in Table III. It amounts to £38½ million, the largest single item being tea, which accounts to £20 million. The margins of preference are also shown in the Table. In most cases it is 10 per cent. 'ad valorem,' but on cotton and jute manufactures and woollen carpets and rugs it is 20 per cent. The margin of preference on tea is 2d. a pound, on unmanufactured tobacco 2s. 0½d. a pound and on cigars 3s. 10-3/4d. a pound.

TABLE III.

Commodity	Value of Trade (in 1929 in £,000)	Preference
Tea	20,083	2d. (equalled 307 million pounds)
Coir Yarn	619	10 per cent.
Coir mats and matting	438	20 per cent.
Cotton Yarn	12	10 per cent.
Cotton Manufactures	139	20 per cent.
Leather undressed (Hides, other than for sole leather)	20,337	10 per cent.
Leather undressed (Skins)	2,755	10 per cent.
Jute Manufactures	2,798	20 per cent.
Oilseed Cake and Meal	1,106	10 per cent.
Spices	1,322	10 per cent.
Teak (hewn & sawn)	965	10 per cent.
Other Hardwoods (Hewn & Sawn)	80	10 per cent.
Woollen Carpets & Rugs	546	20 per cent.
Bran and Pollards	2	10 per cent.
Rice Meal and Dust	1,388	10 per cent.
Lead	1,216	10 per cent.
Tobacco (Unmanufactured)	335	2s. ½d. per pound (volume of trade in 1929 was 9 million pounds).
Tobacco (manufactured cigars)	13	3s. 10¾d. (volume of trade in 1929 was 49,000 pounds).
Castor Seed	510	10 per cent.
Magnesite	5	10 per cent.
Sandalwood Oil	89	10 per cent.
Granite Setts and Kerbs	(new trade)	15 per cent.
Groundnuts	1,446	10 per cent.

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(Sd.) KASHIBHAI & Co.,
Managing Agents.

Dated 12th October, 1932.

News From Afghanistan

Dr. Muhammad Yusuf Khan, M. B.B.S., who has come to Kabul from India, has been appointed medical officer for the municipality of Qandhar.

A small committee consisting of Aga Miyan Fazal Ahmed Khan (president) and Muhammad Mulla Khan and Ali Muhammad Khan (members) has been formed at Khanabad with the object of settling trade disputes.

A new school has been established at Ascha by government.

HOSPITAL FOR LUNATICS

From the report issued by the authorities of the hospital for lunatics which was opened last year at Kabul, it appears that upto the 15th of Sartan, 20 persons had been admitted. Out of these one died of typhoid, eight completely recovered and were discharged. Eleven others were also allowed to leave the hospital, as their mental condition had greatly improved.

One lunatic is still under treatment.

A new hospital is in process of being built at Farah. The credit for getting the sanction for the building of the hospital goes to Muhammad Anwar Khan, Naib Salar.

The Hirat Municipality has started a campaign of widening the streets. For streets have already been widened.

AFGHAN TOBACCO FOR FRANCE

Sometime back a small quantity of tobacco was sent to the Afghan Legation at Paris and the latter was asked to consult the cigarette manufacturing companies in France with a view to ascertaining whether it was quite fit for making cigarettes or not, so that it might be cultivated on a much vaster scale in case it was found all right. Now a report has been received from the Afghan Legation and the Department of Agriculture has been requested to send all kinds of tobacco cultivated in Afghanistan together with quotations as to their prices and delivery at Paris. The Department of Agriculture is busy collecting the necessary information—"Islah," Kabul.

No "Untouchability" For Ahmedabad

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 16.

The Ahmedabad District Local Board has decided to distribute leaflets declaring wells, schools, caravansarais, etc., under its charge open to all classes including "untouchables."—A.P.

"Fore-Runner Of Happy Indication"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Our attention has been drawn to an article appearing under the heading "Desperate Stewards" in your issue of the 24th ultimo. We shall thank you to publish the following facts in connection with a statement made in that article regarding the Owner's Association.

We do not propose to discuss the "pros" and "cons" of the Chabootra case as the matter is still pending between the Stewards and Mr. Gem. The Committee of our association is doing its best to bring about an amicable settlement of this unfortunate episode, and we have every hope that our efforts in that direction will succeed, for it is under that belief that we have offered our mediation to the Stewards, which has been accepted. For this very reason, the statement made in the above article about our having offered any threat to the Stewards is incorrect, for we had never intimated to the Stewards that the horses of our members would be scratched from the Governor's Cup Race. Although this proposal was put before the Committee by some of the Members it was on mature consideration turned down by our Committee, who one and all, apart from all other considerations of the case, had too great a respect for our much-esteemed Governor, to do anything to mar the public harmony on a day, specially reserved for His Excellency's state entry and Cup Race. What the Committee may do in future, we cannot prognosticate.

If therefore the Stewards, in view of our having offered our mediation, did decide to re-accept Mr. Gem's entries, it is certainly a forerunner of a happy indication that the Chabootra case will be amicably and honourably settled to the satisfaction for all parties concerned. At least this is our view and our hope and we shall leave no stone unturned to co-operate with the Stewards to the best of our abilities in achieving this laudable and much-desired object.—Yours, etc.,

A. E. ARDESHIR,
A. M. KHAIRAZ,
Joint. Hony. Secretaries.
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GERMAN ECONOMIC SITUATION

Return Of Confidence

(From A Correspondent)

BERLIN, Oct. 2

A notable improvement has taken place in the German economic situation since the Government announced its plans for reviving trade and indutry and decreasing unemployment. As recently as a few weeks ago practically everybody viewed the future with an almost pathological pessimism, whilst scarcely anybody had the courage to look forward to better times to come. The plans, however, elaborated by the Von Papen Government have reversed all this and have met with a wave of public approval not accorded to those submitted by any previous government since the advent of the crisis. It is easy to see why such should be the case. This is the first time that the Government has abstained from decreeing additional taxes or the all-round lowering of wages. The credit facilities provided by means of tax credit coupons are appreciated by the whole of the business community whose members hail with delight the throwing over-board of the Socialist experiments previously indulged in and the chance now offered them of proving that the Capitalist system is able to overcome the crisis after all.

Every day the chorus of approval, led by chambers of commerce, federations of manufacturers, business men, etc. is increasing in strength, although—of course—voices are not wanting which express themselves doubtful of some of the details of the scheme. The opinion is general that the Government has done the right thing at the right moment.

OPPOSITION ON PRINCIPLE.

National Socialists and Marxian Socialists, however, have strongly criticized the Government scheme, and so naturally have the Communists. These parties oppose the Von Papen Cabinet on principale; and for this reason they are unwilling to admit that the Government's program includes, among others, suggestions which they themselves had put forward as the only remedies of a difficult situation. If the masses following the lead of these parties were really so antagonistic to the plans as the party newspapers pretend that they are, the Government would indeed have the support of an infinitesimal minority vote only The public, however, has lost faith in all party doctrines, and it is quite obvious that the vigor and determination of the Government has begun to impress the man in the street. What he wants is work and bread. The events connected with the dramatic dissolution of the Reichstag have shown that the public desires to see the country governed by men who know what they are after—men who "do things" instead of talking about them. Despite the conflict between parliament and the Government—a conflict which might have led to incalculable consequences elsewhere—the stock exchanges, for instance, showed no sign of demoralization.

TACKLING UNEMPLOYMENT.

The approaching end of the depression is the universal subject of conversation. Several big undertakings have decided to employ additional labor. The chief weapon in the war upon the crisis is the conviction that a brighter future is in sight once more, and this conviction is spreading. The amount of energy required to overcome the depression is undoubtedly very considerable; but this knowledge is not allowed to retard progress. There is a growing body of opinion which urges the Government to put a stop to the interminable war of one political party against another, whilst the Government realizes that—even if it has no party backing of any sort—its action will meet with the overwhelming endorsement of the nation once it has succeeded in eradicating the evil of unemployment.

POLITICAL SUSPECTS

THE DRIVE IN BENGAL

CALCUTTA, Oct. 15.

Mr. J. K. Biswas, Additional Presidency Magistrate, remanded to custody Mr. Harendrachandra Sen, Nikunar Dutt, Jatindranath Das, Bejoy Kumar Das and Manmohan Dutt, who are described as political suspects. It is stated that they have been arrested in connection with the smuggling of arms and the theft of a rifle in Rangpore.

Sahadeo Kairain, a woman, and Shamaunder Misra, in whose possession six live bombs were found on September 27, were to-day placed before the Additional Presidency Magistrate and remanded to custody until October 24.

Another woman arrested in this connection was released on a bail of Rs. 1,000.—A. P.

CHITTAGONG TRIALS

CHITTAGONG, Oct. 15.

The Deighat case, in which eight accused including a woman are being prosecuted for alleged conspiracy and for harbouring absconders as a sequel to the Cameron murder, was resumed before the special magistrate today.

Eight defence witnesses were examined and it is understood that arguments will begin on Monday.

It is understood that persons arrested in connection with the Pahartali Railway Institute Raid were produced before the Sub-Divisional Officer in jail and remanded till October 27.—A. P.

IMPLEMENTING POONA PACT

Ahmedabad Function

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 15.

(From A Correspondent)

Under the auspices of the Jain Tatva Vicharak Mandal, a public meeting of Jains was held yesterday in the Premabhai Hall. Religious songs were sung by Jains as well as Harijans all sitting together.

The Hall was packed to the full and people dispersed after 'prasad' being distributed by Harijans.

Mr. Shakarabhai Lalubhai a well-known Banker presided over the meeting.

SANGLI DURBAR AND CITY MUNICIPALITY

Dispute Over Adoption Of Plague Preventive Measures

SANGLI, Oct. 15.

A meeting of the general body of the Sangli City Municipality was held on the 12th and 13th instant, in the Municipal Hall under the Presidentship of Dr. V. N. Desai, the Municipal President, to consider measures to prevent the spreading of plague Dr. Thakar, the Chief Medical Officer of the State, who was specially invited as an expert, related his experiences of rat-campaign in the Satara District, 15 years back. as a supervising Government officer of the plague-preventive campaign.

ADJOURNMENT MOTION WITHDRAWN.

Mr. S. G. Phadake, an elected member, moved an adjournment motion as a protest against the policy of the Durbar towards the Municipality with regard to the adoption of plague-preventive measures. The motion was seconded by Shet Bapuhai Ranchand. After two days' keen debate, the motion was withdrawn by the mover at the request of the members, both official and non-official.

It appears from the debate, that three or four letters were exchanged between the Municipal President and the thiry Councillor of the state (in charge of Public Health and Municipal bodies) during the last fortnight in connection with the adoption of plague-preventive measures in the city The Durbar proposed that an extensive (and possibly intensive) inoculation campaign and other plague-preventive remedies should soon be additionally started by the City Municipality, and that the Durbar would then consider what help it could render to the Municipality according to the Durbar as it is understood, it is the obligatory duty of the city Municipality as the premier body of public health. On the other hand, the Municipal president clearly stated in his letter to the Third Councillor, that so far, the Municipality had done and was still doing its level best to combat the epidemic by even over-expending its estimated budget provision, on the Campaign still it was ready to cooperate with the in carrying on the Campaign with its limited resources.

BONE OF CONTENTION.

The bone of contention, it appears is the cost of the inoculation, vaccine , estimated to cost about Rs. 1500-2000. The Durbar (as stated in Rao Bahadur G. V Pattavadhans' Third Councillor's—letter to Dr. V. N. Desai, the Municipal President dated 9th instant) will advance the said amount and this will ultimately be recovered from the Municipality according to Bombay Municipal Rules.—A. P.

"CENSURING" SCINDHIA S. N. CO. DIRECTORS?

Shareholders Throw Out Mr. Parekh's Amendment

ANNUAL REPORT ADOPTED

The affairs of the Scinddia Steam Navigation Company were further discussed at the adjourned annual meeting of the shareholders held on Saturday evening at Sudama House, Ballard Estate Mr. Walchand Hirachand presiding. The meeting which commenced at 4 p.m. was over at 9 p.m. after passing the Directors' Report. Some of the points raised at the previous meeting a fortnight ago, were further criticised by shareholders. The proceedings were in Gujarati.

HELP SWADESHI CONCERNS.

Mr. C.I. Parekh said that it was the duty of shareholders to help Swadeshi concerns, and it was likewise the duty of the management to look to the interests of the company. The affairs of subsidiary companies should be well looked after.

Continuing, Mr. Parekh said that the prevailing Swadeshi spirit had given a good impetus to the company's business. This should make it unnecessary to give the rebate to shippers.

After speaking on some other points, Mr. Parekh suggested that the meeting should not pass the Directors' Report and Balance Sheet for the present, and in the meanwhile appoint a committee to examine the accounts, to negotiate with the managing agents for a reduction of their commission. to visit the branches of the company with a view to looking into local conlitions, etc. Mr. Parekh moved an amendment to that effect

Another shareholder suggested that to improve the financial position of the company they should keep in reserve the balance of Rs. 70 lakhs, and not divert the money for building or purchasing new vessels. With a reserve of such a large balance, the company will be able to compete successfully with foreign companies.

Mr. Vasada, speaking next supported Mr. Parekh's amendment.

IS IT CENSURE?

Mr. Jagmohandas Kapadia said that the amendment was in the nature of a censure motion against the directors. If the directors wanted to win the confidence of teh shareholders, they should supply the reports of the subsidiary companies along with the annual report of the Scindhia Company.

The Chairman gave an assurance that this would be done in future.

Mr. Kapadia then opposed the suggestion made by Mr. Parekh to appoint a committee.

More questions were put by shareholders, which were replied to by the Chairman.

AMENDMENT LOST.

Mr. Parekh's amendment was then put to the vote, and declared lost by a majority of 29 against 24.

A poll was demanded, as a result of which the amendment was lost by 10437 votes against 6891.

The original resolution to adopt the Directors' Report and Balance Sheet was passed.

Another resolution sanctioned a dividend of 4 annas per share.

RE-ELECTED.

Messrs. Lalji Naranji and Hassanalli N. Rahimtoolla who are retiring by rotation were re-elected as Directors.

There was a suggestion that Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas should be taken on as a Director, but the Chairman explained that such a request was made to Sir Purshottamdas who, however. was unable to accept it owing to pressure of work.

Messrs. S.B. Billimoria and Co., and Messrs. K.S. Iyer and Co., were re-appointed Auditors for the new year.

ALLEGED ARMS FIND

RAJSHAHI, Oct. 15.

So far about 15 persons have been arrested in connection with the Rajshahi Arms Act case, including one girl from Dhubri. The arrests were made in Pabna, Bogra. Dinajpur, Natore, Nadia Assam and Calcutta. All suspects have been remanded.—A. P.

LANCASHIRE COTTON DISPUTE

Discussion Of Wage Cut Continues

LONDON, October 16.

Negotiations for the settlement of the Lancashire cotton spinning dispute were continued at Manchester to-day under the chairmanship of Mr. Leggett of the Ministry of Labour. An agreement was reached to-day on the principle of restoration of 48-hour normal week and on the necessity of securing maximum production.

In this connection it was agreed to discuss the means by which working hours could be made as fully effective as possible.

Discussion on the wages question continues.—Reuter.

MASTER SPINNERS' FEDERATION

To Study Effect Of Tariffs On Industry

LONDON, October 16.

Lugano.—The Committee of the International Federation of Master Cotton-Spinners and Manufacturers' Associations which has concluded its labours has adopted the following resolutions:—

(1) To appoint a sub-committee to study the effects of tariffs, currency restrictions and quotas upon cotton industry.

(2) Approving of the recommendations of the Joint Egyptian Cotton Committee last July deciding to collect information and statistics on various qualities of Egyptian cotton consumed by the motor tyre industry, and

(3) Approving of the recommendations of the sub-committee regarding the uniform method of testing American C.I.F. cotton for moisture.

The Committee resolved that such cotton should contain 8-1/2 per cent. of moisture and if less than 8 per cent. the spinner should pay the difference to the seller, but if the moisture was more than 8-1/2 per cent. the seller should pay the spinner excess above that percentage.—Reuter.

BANK BOOTLEGGING SYNDICATE

Leader Murdered

Joseph Bloom, New Jersey's "rum king" who was reported missing on August 8, has been officially announced to be the victim of a gang who placed the body in a barrel filled with cement and sunk it in the sea off the New Jersey coast.

Bloom, or Blum, was accused of "double-crossing" the gangsters with whom he had co-operated in the making of alcohol and the running of liquor across the Canadian border.

He was one of the richest "boot leggers" in New Jersey, and his operations by land and sea, including extensive reshipments from "Rum Row," off the Atlantic coast involved the aid of several New Jersey banks In the back room of one of these banks the rum ring met regularly, discussed plans and voted the big sums necessary to protect their business from police interference. With his wife and two daughters, the rum-runner occupied a luxurious flat in New York, with servants, including a butler, wine steward and several maids.

Colonel Raymond Robins is reported to be the federal secret agent who exposed the operation of the notorious New Jersey bank rum syndicate. Several weeks ago he disappeared mysteriously while travelling to, Washington.

JEANETTE MACDONALD IN £11,000 ACTION

Paris "Merry Widow"

Two Paris theatrical producers have started an action for £11,000 damages against Miss Jeanette MacDonald, the film star.

They are alleging that by postponing her appearance in a Paris theatre in "The Merry Widow" she has made it impossible to carry out a contract drawn up two years ago. Under the terms of this agreement she was to receive £8,250 for thirty-five performances.

It was proposed to produce "The Merry Widow" in November 1931. But either party was left at liberty although it is not clear for what length of time.

Miss MacDonald was detained at Hollywood. Now that she is free to come to Paris the two directors maintain that the depression in the theatrical world has made it impossible to carry out the contract on the old terms.

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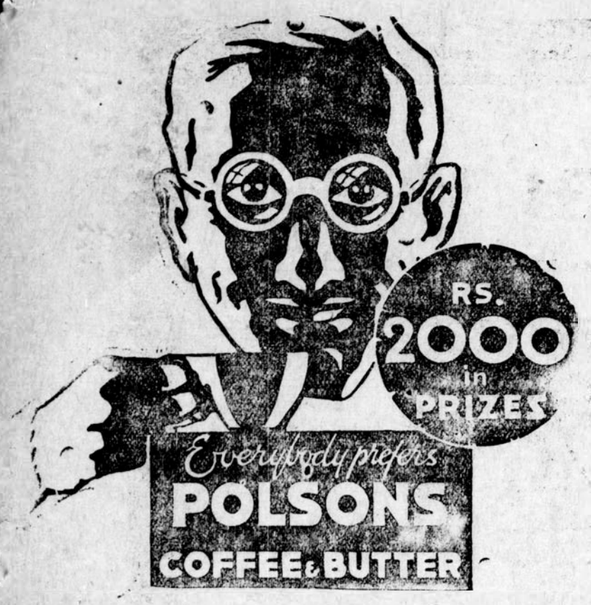

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CAWNPORE SWADESHI EXHIBITION

A HUGE SUCCESS

Rush Of Visitors Of All Communities

(From A Correspondent.)

CAWNPORE, October 15.

Cawnpore people had a series of festivities in connection with the Durga Puja and Ram Lila celebrations, and the local Swadeshi League provided another highly useful attraction by having an exhibition in the local Balika Vidyalaya. Great credit is due to the organisers for getting producers, manufacturers and artsts from all over the country, who have taken stalls in the exhibition. An effort made by the members of the exhibition Committee resulted in getting more applications than the place available in the buildings and compounds of the Balika Vidyalaya could allot. 150 big stalls and an equal number of small stal have been put up, and many a merchant had to go back disappointed. The wares exhibited are of varied kind and from all over the country.

The first day when Mr. Azad Sobhani performed the opening ceremony, the place was full beyond expectation and quite a large number of people had to remain standing when Mr. Sobhani spoke on the education and national value of the Buy Indian Movement, which he said alone would solve the Hindu-Muslim tangles and unemployment problem.

A REVELATION

Thereafter the crowds eagerly went round the exhibition grounds and made purchases. One thing at any rate became evident that most of the people who had come from out-stations did not believe at first sight, that India could manufacture beautiful electric fans and other goods exhibited there.

There were also record crowds and brisk sales on the 8th instant. The Sideshows provided by the Swadeshi Exhibition Committee were very attractive.

LADIES' DAY'S SUCCESS.

On the ladies' day (i.e., 9th instant) the management had to keep the show open beyond the prescribed time, as the ladies were pouring in till late at night, and were going back with costly goods purchased. The greatest achievement was that even those ladies who observe strict purda were present in a very large number.

The next two days (10th and 11th) were the busiest days for the organisers. From the time the Exhibition gates opened crowds of people, young and old, began to pour in; and their number was greatest between 6-30 and 8-30 p.m.

GREAT RUSH OF VISITORS.

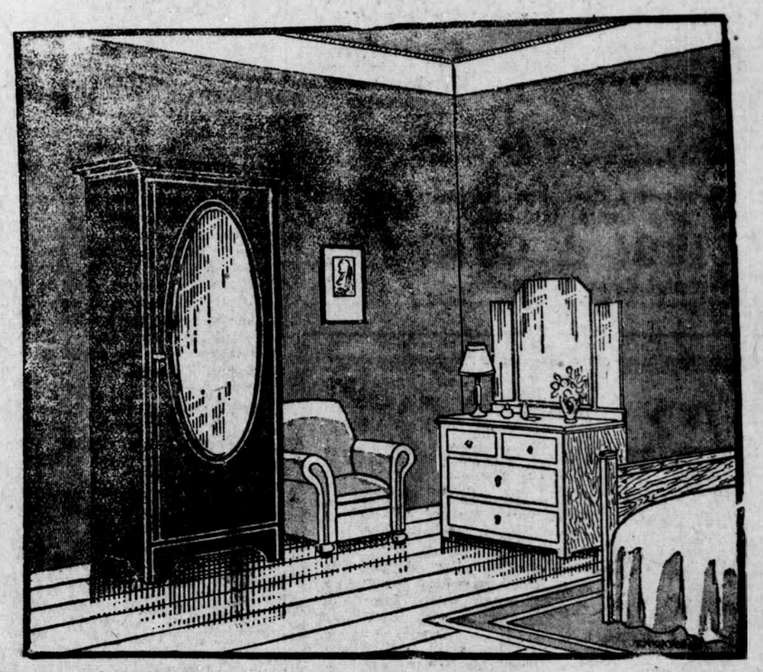
The rush was so great with people of all communities pouring in that the exhibition grounds were fully packed, and all the passages were blocked. The total number of visitors is estimated by the experts on the spot to be about 10 thousand on each of these two days.

Judged from the different points of views this Exhibition achieved unexpected success on these five days.

At the request of the visitors the Exhibition Committee has decided to keep show open even in the mornings.

ALLWYN'S

STEEL CABINETS



These days when economy is of prime importance, Allwyn's offer of a range of steel cabinets at new low prices is the answer.
Only a manufacturer with Allwyn's facilities could offer such strongly constructed and beautifully designed new line of cabinets and wardrobes at such remarkably low prices.

Prices from Rs 40/- upwards.

ALLWYN STEEL EQUIPMENT CO., LTD.

Manufacturers of Fire & Burglar-Resisting Safes, Shelvings, Almirahs and all steel furniture for Office Home and Hospital.

HEAD OFFICE & WORKS:—
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62, Forbes Street, Fort.

Tele { phone 41014
grams 'ALLWYN', Bombay.

HUNGER-STRIKE IN BENARES JAIL

District Magistrate Issues A Statement

BENARES, October 15.

The following communique has been issued by Mr. Lowen, District Magistrate of Benares, on the 13th instant:—

"The "Aj" newspaper in its issue of October 12, has published a statement to the effect that seven persons had been on hunger-strike for a week in the District Jail, Benares, and that they had become so weak as to be in a state of collapse. It also mentions that the jail authorities were callous and took no notice of their fast. Full enquiry was immediately made into these allegations by a responsible magistrate, who has reported that all prisoners mentioned are in excellent health, that Vishwanath denies that he had been on hunger-strike while others state they had been on hunger-strike but had continued to draw their rations regularly and had forgotten to mention to anybody that they were hunger-striking."

The District Magistrate gives weights of the six alleged hunger-strikers on the 1st inst. and 12th inst. which show that the weights of the three were same on both the dates and one hunger-striker was found less in weight by one pound and the remaining two less by two pounds.—A. P.

TURKEY ON LEAGUE COUNCIL

LONDON Oct. 15.

Geneva.—Modification of the membership of the Committee of Nineteen to include Turkey was necessitated by changes in the League Council, namely by the advent of Mexico in the place of Peru and of Szecho-Slovakia instead of Yugoslavia. As all the members of the League Council are represented on the Committee, Mexico automatically replaced Peru, but as Czecho-Slovakia is already re-presented it became necessary to appoint a new member in place of Yugoslavia. Turkey from the first was a strong candidate for the post, being a new comer to the League and also because there was no Asiatic State represented on the Committee.—Reuter.

NAVAL COMMANDER SENTENCED FOR MANSLAUGHTER

Appeals To Privy Council TAKEN TO ENGLAND ON BOARD A WARSHIP

LONDON, October 16.

Limassol (Cyprus).—Commander Sutton's appeal has been dismissed.

Mustapha Fuad Bey, one of the three appeal judges, dissented from the decision. His colleagues were the Chief Justice Sir Herbert Stronge and Puisne Judge Sertsios.

Sutton is appealing to the Privy Council against the rejection of his appeal for which purpose he is being conducted to England aboard a warship.—Reuter.

ACCUSED OF MANSLAUGHTER.

(Commander Sutton of H.M.S. "Resource" was committed to sessions on the charge of manslaughter of a native hotel keeper. The Commander was sentenced to six months' imprisonment.

The hotel-keeper died as a result of a blow alleged to have been given by Sutton in the course of a dispute on September 13).

RAILWAY DEADLOCK

Sequel To Cut In Wages

LONDON, Oct. 15.

Negotiations between the Railway Companies and Trade Unions have reached a deadlock, the latter refusing to accept the Company's demand for an all-round deduction of 10 per cent. in wages to replace the last years reduction of approximately 5 per cent. Proposals will now go before the Wages Board.—Reuter.

MADRAS MINISTER SAFE

MADRAS, Oct. 15.

Mr. P. T. Rajan (second Minister), returned to Madras from Ooty after an interview with the Governor. It is understood that the Tanjore Confederation formed the main topic at the interview. No developments are likely as a result of the interview.—A.P.

COMPLETE RECORD OF PARLIAMENT

Estimated Cost Of £30,000

TEN YEARS TO LIST ALL M. P's

LONDON, (By Mail).

"We were the first people to govern ourselves through representatives. We may be the last. . . . The prestige of Parliament itself is a thing to be cared for when Parliaments are being broken in other countries."

These are a few of the reasons cited by the Committee under Sir Josiah Wedgwood for compiling a record of the personnel and politics of past members of the House of Commons. The Committee was appointed 3 years ago to find out the available material for such a record.

They have also reported that such a document would cost £30,000 and would require from five to ten years to prepare it. The suggestion was made that the English speaking peoples from all over the world be asked to provide this sum.

Only fragmentary lists of members of Parliament are in existence, while the names of members of the 15th and 16th centuries are missing, including a blank period from 1477 to 1542.

Among the available historical data are the series of notebooks left by the late Rev. A. A. Beaven in which he listed the names of M. P.s from 1542 to 1918.—Reuter.

Dumping Of Manganese Ore In U. S.

LONDON, October 16.

Washington.—Mr. Oddie, the Republican Senator of Nevada, has urged the Under-Secretary for Treasury to invoke 1921 Anti-Dumping Act against the imports of manganese ore from British India, Gold Coast, Russia and Brazil.—Reuter.

CASE AGAINST POLICE SUB-INSPECTOR

Jury's Unanimous Verdict Of Guilty

BELGAUM, Oct. 15.

In what is known as the Ambadgatti Dacoity Case, the trial of which has been going on since October 10, before Mr. N. R. Gundil, District and Sessions Judge, Belgaum, the jury after 55 minutes' deliberations unanimously returned a verdict of guilty against a police sub-inspector and two constables, who were charged with robbery and a verdict of not guilty against the remaining two accused.

The judge reserved orders till Monday.—A.P.

MYSORE REVENUE POLICY

MYSORE, Oct. 15..

TheM ysore Assembly by a majority vote adopted a resolution recommending the appointment of a committee with a non-official majority to inquire into and report upon the land revenue policy in the State with a view to placing it on a statutory basis. Members stressed the need for a remission of 12½ to 25 per cent. in the current land assessment in view of the abnormal fall in prices.

Mr. Chengalraya Reddy moved the resolution, which many non-officials supported.

The Assembly unanimously carried a resolution recommending the Mysore Durban "to press strongly for the immediate abolition of the entire subsidy, the recommendations of the Davidson Committee being disappointing, inadequate and unsatisfactory."—A.P.

CROATIAN RISING

ROME, Oct. 15.

The Yugoslav assertions regarding the Croatian rising are officially denied.—Reuter.

U. S. ELECTION CAMPAIGN

Hoover's Remedy For World Ills

LONDON, October 16.

Cleveland:—Not American tariffs but war-time slaughter of manhood, harsh Peace Treaties, increase of standing armies from two to five millions, agitation in India, revolutions in China and Russia are responsible for world depression, according to President Hoover, who in a fighting speech rebutted Democratic arguments.

The President confidently expected that world measures he proposed would promote recovery. The American disarmament plan, he added, would save United States over 200 million dollars annually, and increase Europe's buying power probably by 1,000 millions.

President Hoover, finally described Mr Roosevelt's proposal to reduce tariffs to enable Europe to pay debt annuities through increased trade as vastly worse than debt cancellation.

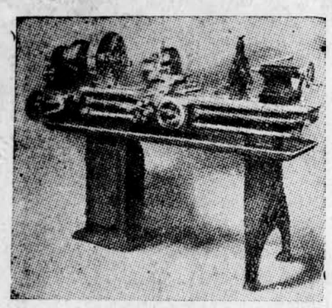
—Reuter.

ARAB'S POET LAUREATE

CAIRO, Oct. 15.

The death has occurred of Alyshawki Bey, described as the foremost poet of the Arab-speaking world of modern days and formerly the Egyptian Poet Laureate.—Reuter.

CONSULT BEFORE YOU BUY
MACHINE TOOLS



For your WORK-SHOPS you will buy not only economically but also

100%
Precision
Up-to-date
TOOLS

Regularly Carried in Stock :—

Lathes, Drills, Shapers, Planners, Radial Drills, etc.,
SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA
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BAWA PARDUMAN SINGH & SONS.

REGD. TRADE MARK.

CREPE CLOTH CAN BE USED FOR
GENTS' SHIRTS, PYJAMAS, UNDERWEARS, K A F NIS, SADRAS, ETC.
LADIES' BLOUSES, BODICES, JUMPERS, ETC.
CHILDREN'S FROCKS, PINAFORES, ETC.
HOUSEHOLD DECORATIONS: FURNITURE COVERS, CURTAINS, TABLE-COVERS, ETC.

More than a score of Fast Delicate Fancy Shades.
Also BLEACHED

BEWARE OF CHEAP IMITATIONS IN LOOSE COLOURS and POOR QUALITY.

100 PER CENT PURE SWADESHI
Other Varieties:
DRILLS, TWILLS, SUPERFINE LONGCLOTHS, MULMULS, COATINGS, TABLE-CLOTHS, NAPKINS, TOWELS, ETC.
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Without Operation (The only Qualified Research Worker in this Line).
Beware of false claims by quacks impersonating or imitating us
Cures Radically (in 15 minutes)
HYDROCELE
At One Sitting
IN BOMBAY
from 1st to 6th every Month
SIRDAR GRIHA (HOTEL) Crawford Market
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"It's that famous INDIAN PAIN BALM that brought you relief"

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For the Cure of Colds, Cough, Headaches, Rheumatism Swellings and all other kinds of Aches and Pains.
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BOMBAY AND MADRAS.

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SOUTH INDIAN
General Assurance Company Limited
A PURELY INDIAN CONCERN
Branches AND AGENCIES THROUGHOUT India.
HEAD OFFICE:—MADRAS.
BOMBAY BRANCH:—381 Ismail Building, Hornby Road Fort.
WANTED immediately INFLUENTIAL AGENTS.
Apply to Post Box No. 894, G. P. O., Bombay.

EXHIBITION TRAIN STARTS ON FIVE MONTHS' TOUR

Retail Sales At Helting Statious

Large crowds thronged at the Victoria Terminus station on Saturday evening to have a view of the Indian Trades Exhibition Train which started on a tour of about four and a half months, visiting most of the important towns in the Bombay Presidency Hyderabad Deccan, Central Provinces, the U.P., and Punjab. The halt will vary from one to five days at each station according to its importance.

ADVANCE SWADESHI !

With the exception of two concerns, viz., Eastern Watch Co. and C. C. Wakefield (dealing in lubricating oils for motors), all the remaining exhibitors, numbering 12, are manufacturers or dealers in Swadeshi goods. They are charged rent according to the space of their stalls, ranging from Rs. 1.675 per month paid by Currimbhoy and Sons and one or two others who occupy a whole bogie-carriage, to about Rs. 150 per month paid by the exhibitor with the smallest stall.

DISPLAY OF ADVTS.

Both sides of the carriages are used for displaying advertisements, which are charged for at the rate of one rupee per square foot of space.

There is a second-class sleeping car attached to the rain, for the use of exhibitors, and a third class for their salesmen. A restaurant car caters for the diners, both vegetarian and non-vegetarian.

SURPLUS FOR ORGANISER.

The total charges payable to the railway company for the whole period is stated to be about Rs. 50,000. The income from the rents from exhibitors and the advertisements is expected to leave a good surplus to the organiser.

RETAIL SALES.

At each halting station, retail sales will be made to the public who will be allowed free access without platform tickets—a concession given by the railway to help their business. The exhibitors expect that during their tour of five months, they would, in this way, make good business which will more than repay their expenses for rents of stalls,—and other expenses incidental to the tour.

A GOOD BEGINNING.

A good start was made at the Victoria Terminus on Saturday evening when substantial purchases were made by the visitors.

A large variety of swadeshi goods are exhibited in the train. These include textile goods, hosiery, chemicals, biscuits, perfumery, oils, soaps etc. The stalls were tastefully arranged, some of them with striking artistic effect.

MYSORE'S CONTRIBUTION TOWARD'S KHADI

Big Sale At Badanwal Centre

(From Our Correspondent.)
MYSORE, October 12.

A good progress was made by the khadi spinning centres in Mysore during the year 1931-32. The spinning centre at Badanwal started in 1927, continued to do useful work. There was an appreciable increase in the output of both yarn and cloth. About 97.727 yards of khadi cloth weighing 33,147 lbs. and valued at Rs. 89,463 were woven during the year. The total sales of khadi amounted to Rs. 49,689-2-3 and the result of the working of the centre showed a small profit of Rs. 2,849-12-2. The arrrngements, contemplated in the previous year for starting printing and dyeing operations at Nairpurgud, came into force last year.

TARAKANAMATI CENTRE

The centre at Tarakanamati, in the Gundlupet Taluk, continued to make further progress. The production last year amounted to 11,911 yards of khadi valued at Rs. 5,635,. The centre is fast became a source of help to over The centre is fast growing in importance and has become a source of help to over 250 spinners in the neighbourhood.

Two more centres, one at Taikere in the Kadur District and another at Aiamangala in the Chitaldrug District, were organised by the respective District Boards, and the Department of Industries and Commerce rendered the necessary assistance in organising these centres.

MYSORE ASSEMBLY.

The members of the Mysore Representative Assembly which is now in session met last evening at the Rangacharlu Memorial Hall, under the presidency of Mr. H. B. Gundappa Gowda. M.L.C., passed a resolution appealing to Government to throw open all Magrai institutions in the State to the Harijans.

LONDON TALKS

Anglo-French Understanding

LONDON, Oct. 15.

A British Official Wireless message states:—

A communique issued from Downing Street states: "Conversations took place to-day and yesterday between Mr. MacDonald, M. Herriot and Sir John Simon on the subject of the British proposal for a meeting in which they would participate with Italy and Germany in order to overcome the difficulty which has arisen at Geneva.

The French and British ministers are agreed in considering that the meeting should consist of the four Powers named and that the best place for such a meeting would be Geneva.

The British Government have sought the concurrence of the two other Governments concerned in this proposal. This meeting would have an unofficial and preliminary character. Its object would be to seek and propose means by which the common work of the Disarmament Conference within the League of Nations might be effectively resumed."

DISAPPOINTMENT

When the Italian and German Governments were consulted on the suggestion that the four Power meeting should take place in Geneva the Italian Government at once agreed. Disappointment and surprise is felt at Germany's unwillingness to accept this proposal. Although London was mentioned in the terms of the British Government's original invitation, the actual place of meeting was in their view of minor importance and it is hoped that Germany's present unwillingness to accept Geneva will be overcome.

Apart from this disappointment, it is understood that the ministers were well satisfied with their exchange of views, which revealed a mutual and a very genuine desire to surmount the impediments existing in the way of real and effective progress with disarmament problem.

HERRIOT PLEASED

There was of course no intention that these Anglo-French conversations should in any sense do the work coming properly within the sphere of the League of Nations of the Disarmament Conference. Their only purpose was to get the latter conference out of the present impasse.

The French Premier left London for Paris later in the afternoon. Before leaving M. Herriot in an interview said that conversations were carried on very pleasantly. "We discussed things with frankness and came to conclusions in perfect loyalty to each other. I think I can say all is well."

MILL AND GIN STORE MANUFACTURERS TO ORGANISE

Under the auspices of the Bombay Swadeshi League, a meeting was convened, some time back, of a few prominent manufacturers of mill and gin stores to consider the desirability of forming an association of such manufacturers to protect and promote their common interests.

A small provisional Committee was appointed at the meeting and steps were taken to draw up a constitution for the proposed association. As soon as this is ready another meeting will be called and the support of leading firms enlisted. Those interested in the establishment of the association are requested to communicate with the Hon. Secretary of the Bombay Swadeshi League, 45/47. Apollo Street Fort, Bombay.

MORE HONOURS FOR OLYMPIC CHAMPIONS

First Match In Lahore

LAHORE, Oct. 15.

The Indian Olympic Hockey Team also arrived this morning and were given a civic reception. They play their first match this afternoon.—A. P.

THE WATERLOW NOTE CASE

MAN ARRESTED IN BERLIN

7-YEAR SEARCH

BERLIN. (By Mail).

Gustave Adolphe Hennies, alleged to be the real author and director of the gigantic plot by which Messrs. Waterlow and Sons were deceived into printing an immense issue of spurious Portuguese bankk-notes, has been arrested in a small hotel in the centre of Berlin.

He had been living there under the name of Adolf Doring, which he declares to be his true one. Though he admits that he was in Lisbon in 1925 and associated there with the other members of the great forgery conspiracy he denies that he himself had a hand in it.

That the police of Europe should have sought Hennies in vain for seven years is said to be very remarkable, since he is a man of striking stature and, in consequence of a deformity walks with a distinct limp.

ARRESTED MAN'S CAREER.

According to his own account, which the German police have already partially confirmed, he is the son of a peasant of Hesse-Nassau and emigrated as a young man to America. There he began as a hand in a cigar factory, and worked his way up until he became a wealthy manufacturer.

On the outbreak of war he was living in Brazil, and, to facilitate a return to Germany, procured a false Swiss passpoot under the name of Hennies. His statement has been confirmed that from 1919 to 1922 he occupied a suite of rooms at one of the most luxurious Berlin hotels, and gave himself out as a wealthy South American merchant. When the great forgery became known he reverted to his real name and travelled on his original German passport. He came to Berlin from Paris.

BOMB EXPLOSION IN CHICAGO

Lee Koeppen, a boy of 16, and Vera Moyer, who, though she is only the same age, is married and a mother of a four months-old child, were badly injured in Chicago one night recently by the explosion of a bomb which Koeppen, while strolling with Moyer, found spluttering on the doorstep of the house of Judge John P McGoorty, of the Superior Court, and tried to kick into the street. The boy was so badly maimed that there is little hope for his life, and the young woman is expected to lose her sight. A young man—reported to be mentally defective—who is said to have a grievance against the Judge, has been arrested.

There have been 78 bomb explosions in Chicago since January 1 but the purpose of most of them seems, to have been intimidation, and few of them have done any serious damage.

GIBE AT THE PRINCE

A scene in a revue at the Tingel-Tangel Theatre, in which a gibe was made at the expense of the Prince of Wales, has been deleted by the manager as a result of representations from the Foreign Office.

The scene has given considerable offence to members of the British colony here.—Reuter.

REVISION OF FACTORIES ACT

(From A Correspondent.)

The Managing Committee of the Bombay Port Trust Employees Union has passed the following resolution regarding the proposed revision of the Factories Act, contemplated by the Government of India:—

"This Committee cordially supports the proposals of the Government of India regarding the reduction of the working hours from 60 to 54 per week and from 11 hours to 10 hours a day, and trusts that Government will expedite legislation in this behalf."

"The Committee also urges upon Government the desirability of an early introduction of legislation for the revision of the Factories Act for carrying out the other recommendations of the Whitley Sommission."

Remove film before teeth decay

Film is the enemy of teeth—one of the chief causes of decay. Fight it with this special film-removing tooth paste.

IF you were to allow your teeth to go even one day without brushing them, a coating of film would form and hide their natural brilliance. Your teeth would become dull and unattractive. You could easily see this ugly coating by looking into the mirror or feel it by rubbing your tongue over your teeth.

The new cleansing and polishing material in Pepsodent Tooth Paste gently removes this film and reveals the clean enamel surfaces of your teeth. Besides removing this dull coating, Pepsodent polishes teeth to a sparkling brilliance. It does these two things with perfect safety because its cleansing and polishing material is soft—yes, twice as soft—as that ordinarily used in tooth pastes. Start using Pepsodent Tooth Paste today.

Pepsodent

Use Pepsodent Tooth Paste twice a day—
see your dentist at least twice a year

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HAS CREATED
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ALL CLASSES OF LIFE INSURANCE TRANSACTED.
Insurance Wade-Mecum 1932 says: "Presidency's" first Annual Report speaks volumes for able and economical management. Company's expenses of management absorbed only 44.7 per cent. This indeed is a record which cannot be shown by any other Life Office in the Country in its initial stage.
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"HADENSA" RADICALLY CURES PILES
Sole Agents for INDIA, BURMA & CEYLON:—
SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS and DRUGGISTS

SHIPPING NEWS

Exports And Imports

ARRIVALS.
October 15.
Sirsia, Lane, Calcutta.
Shwedagon, Russell, Rangoon.
Vasna, Patridge, Busrah.
Barpeta, Davies, Busrah.

DEPARTURES.
October 16.
Badarpur, Nelson, Rangoon.
City of Venice, Lee, Karachi.
Goalpara, Clarke, Calcutta.

LOADING.
October 15.
Steamer British Emperor for Abadan.

S.S. Sirsea:—The B.I.S.N. Coy.'s steamer Sirsea, arrived in harbour on Saturday, from Calcutta, with a general cargo.

S.S. Shewedagon:—The Indo B. P. Coy.s steamer Shewedagon, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Rangoon, with a cargo of kerosene oil.

S.S. Vasna:—The B. I. S. N. Coy 's steamer Vasna, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Busrah, with a general cargo and passengers.

S.S. Barpeta:—The B. I. S. N. Coy.'s steamer Barpeta, arrived in harbour yesterday from Busrah, with a general cargo and passengers.

S.S. Badarpur:—The B. I. S. O. S. D. Co.'s steamer Badarpur, sailed yesterday for Rangoon, via Marmagoa, with a general and same bottom cargo.

S.S. City of Venice:—The K. N. Coy.'s steamer City of Venice, sailed yesterday for Karachi, with a general and same bottom cargo.

S.S. Goalpara:—The B. I. S. N Coy 's steamer Goalpara, sailed yesterday for Calcutta, with a general cargo.

VESSELS IN THE DOCKS.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, October 15.
4 Argun Maru 4040 Japan 19-10 O S Kaisha
6 Mundra 4478 Karachi 18-10 M M & Co.
8 Gogra 3161 Hull 18-10 M M and Co.
9 Britannia 5281 U Kingdom 27-10 Graham T Co.
11 City of Venice, 5223, Karachi, 1-10 K Nixon and Co.
14 Tairea 3756 Durban 19|10 M M & Co.
15 Mantua 5934, London, 15|10, M. M. and Co.

VICTORIA DOCK

1 Nurjehan 3379 Calcutta N F, T Morrison and Co.
2 Jalaputra 3113 Calcutta 18-10 Scindia S N Co.
3 Ellora 2567 Karachi 15-10 M M and Co.
6 Hashemi 298 M'Coast 15|10 S Hassam & Co.
9 Goalpara 3216, Calcutta, 16-10 M. M. and Co.
12|13 Gazana 3191 Calcutta 18|10 M. M. and Co.
14 Lalita 283 M'Coast, 15-10 Malabar S S Co.

PRINCE'S DOCK

B Dogra 3281 Rangoon 15-10 T Morrison and Co.
D|E Sirea 3387, Karachi, N.F. M. M. and Co.
H Jamnagar 277 Jamnagar NF, L Naranji & Co.
K Bhadravati 552 NF, NF, B S N Co.

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON.
Rawalpindi 20-10 P & O S N Co.
Strathnever 27-10 P & O S N Co.
FROM GOTHENBURG.
Canton 20|10 L Edward Ltd
FROM LIVERPOOL.
Clan Macvicar, 11|10 J F Co.
City of Hereford 15|10 K N Co.
City of Nagpur, 24|10 K N Co.
Tuscania, 31|10 G T Co.
California 7|11 G T Co.
Castalia 21|11 G T Co.
FROM HAMBURG.
Rothenfels, 17|10, L Edward Ltd
Gaaskerk, 28|10, L Edward Ltd.
Ockenfels, 5|11, L Edward Ltd.
Wachtfels, 13|11, L Edward Ltd.
Weissenfels, 26|11 L Edward Ltd.
FROM TRIESTE.
Tergastea 14|10, L T Co.
Conte Verde, 19|10, L T Co.
Cariguino, 27|10, L T Co.
FROM NEW YORK.
City of Harvard, 16-10, F. F. Campbell and Co.
City of Oran 20|10, F F Campbell & Co.
President Gurfield, 21|10, F F Campbell & Co.
President Polk, 4|11, F F Campbell & Co.
President Adams, 10|11, F F Campbell & Co.
FROM KOBE.
Argen Maru, 19|10 O S Kaisha.
Havre Maru, 8|11, O S Kaisha.
Alaska Maru, 12|11, O S Kaisha.
Borneo Maru, 22|11, O S Kaisha.
Conte Rosso, 20|10, L T Co.
Carthage, 21|10, P and O S N Co.
Mirzapore, 28|10, P & O S N Co.
Nagato Maru, 18|10, N Y Kaisha
Tango Maru, 30|10, N Y Kaisha
FROM AUSTRALIA.
Mooltan 12|11 P & O S N Co.
FROM DURBAN.
Karanja, 22-10, M. M. and Co.
6 Takhiwa, 5|11, M M & Co.

SAILING DATES OF STEAMERS

FOR PLYMOUTH.
Gogra 18-10 M M and Co.
Mundra NF M M & Co.
FOR LIVERPOOL.
Britannia 27-10 G T Co.
FOR KOBE.
Argun Maru 19-10 O S Kaisha.
FOR BUSRAH.
Barpeta 19|10 M M & Co.
Vasna 20|10 M M & Co.
Ahmedi N F S Hasam and Co.
FOR CALCUTTA.
Jalajyoti N. F. S. S N. Co.
Gazana, 15-10 M M and Co.
FOR RANGOON.
Nurjehan NF. T M Co.
Jalaputra 18-10 S S N Co.
FOR DURBAN.
Tairea, 19|10 M M & Co.
GENERAL LANDING DATES.
Mundra 13-10-32.
Argun Maru 13-10-32.

EXPORTS.
Bombay, October 15.

S.S. Mundra for Dunkirk:—30 bales goat hair H. Hassam.

S.S. City of Venice for Antwerp:—125 bags mustard seed T. S. Thadani and Sons; 50 bales cotton fly L. O. Vora.

S.S. Britain for Liverpool:—75 bales cotton raw Textile Products Ltd.; 374 bales cotton raw G. K. Kaisha, Ltd.; 100 bales cotton thread waste V. A. Sane; 60 bales wool raw E. Mavji and Co.; 5 bales wool raw C. Lister and Co.; 666 bags linseed oil cakes, and 650 bags groundnut oil cakes, J. Travers and Sons.

For Glasgow:—75 bags cotton yarn Swadeshi Mills, Ltd.

S.S. Argun Maru for Kobe:—100 bales cotton raw S. Karamshi and Co.; 262 bales cottonraw V. Ladha and Co.; 950 bales cottonraw G. K. Kaisha, Ltd.; 59 bales cottonraw A. Khimji and Co.

IMPORTS.
Bombay, October 15.

S.S. Clan Maciver, agents J. Finlay and Co., from Liverpool:—88 drms lub oil; 55 drms., 176 cylinders and 50 bags chemicals, 465 cases machinery; 27 cases wine; 51 cases newspapers; 72 bdle. iron flanges; 33 bdle. tinplates; 286 bdle. steel tyres; 650 bdle. pipes; 150 bdle. steel circles; 37 cases biscuits; 50 cases china clay; 50 cases dextrine; 28 cases wool tops; 22 cases paper; 35 cases motor and cycle tyres; 23 cases springs; 320 cases cotton piece goods; 95 cases cottons; 110 cases cotton yarn; 30 cases bobbins; 153 drms. paint; 20 drms. distemper; 55 drms. dyes; 20 drms. wood preservative.

From Swansea:—645 bdle. copper ingots; 140 bdle. steel pegs; 1607 bdle. steel sheets; 67 bdle. steel plates; 200 bdle. steel squares flapt; 193 bdle. steel hoops; 2699 bdle. tin plates.

From Glasgow:—146 cases whisky; 150 cases ale; 25 cases wine; 51 cases beer; 40 cases oats; 13 cases paper; 80 cases Marene glue; 30 cs. cottons; 57 cases g'ware; 50 cases newspaper; 201 bdle. galvd. sheets; 44 bdle. seel joists; 33 bdle steel poles.

OFFERING TO DEITY DISALLOWED

Sirsi "Untouchable" Leaders' Allegations

A Sirsi correspondent wires:—"A batch of Sirsi untouchable leaders, led by Mr. Eklaspore, had been to Shri Madhukeswar Temple of Banval for Banvasi with a view to entering offer cocoanuts to the deity. When the Moktesar was informed of the intention, the Brahmins immediately closed the outer gate of the compound, and ordered them to get out of the premises, and to give the offerings after standing on the public road.

About 50 Brahmins came with lathis and in a threatening attitude said that they would not allow them to have the sight of the deity nor the "prasad."

"We respectfully draw attention of Mahatmaji, Malaviyaji and Dr. Ambedkar to this matter."

BRITISH STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Oct. 14.

On the Stock Exchange, good investment demand continued with most British Government securities, showing further substantial advances. Brazilian, Chinese and Japanese bonds were featured again while bank, insurance, brewery and tobacco shares were also very firm. Rubber improved after easy opening as American consumption figures for September were better than expected.

Wall Street was strong, shorts hurrying to cover commitments.—Reuter.

KHANDWA SWADESHI EXHIBITION

Attracts Large Number Of Exhibits

The hon. secretary, Swadeshi Bazaar and Exhibition at Khandwa, writes:—

The third annual swadeshi Bazaar and Exhibition were held at Khandwa from the 1st to the 10th instant. It was opened by Pandit Govind Malaviya. The Exhibition attracted a large number of exhibits, which includ- words of art painting, handicrafts, embroidery, needle-work, fretwork, toy-making and other saleable necessary commodities of life like cloth, medicines, cutlery, etc. Large number of visitors used to come to witness the Exhibition, which was arranged inside the Tarachand Theatre. The Swadeshi Bazaar, arranged outside the Theatre, consisted of about 50 stalls. The prominent stalls were those of khadi-Bhandar, Nimar and Chouhan Stores, Benares Hindu University Industrial Chemistry Department, furniture makers and others.

A lovely little garden and a fountain in the middle of the rectangular area with electrically illuminated stalls, nearly arranged on the fringe, presented an animated spectacle and attracted many visitors. We did not expect that the sales this year would be so large, the year being particularly bad. But the high figure of sales goes a good deal to say in favour of the organised Swadeshi work. Stalls from Bombay, Ahmedabad, Jalgaon, Bhopal, Indore, Benares, Mysore, Nagpur, etc., had come. Medals and certificates were awarded to the best exhibitors.

Hyderabad Industrial Exhibition Postponed

The general secretary, The Hyderabad Exhibition of Indian Arts and Industries writes:—

"A virulent epedemic of plague, is ranging in Secunderabad Cantonment. Ratfalls and stray cases have occured in Hyderabad itself. Under these circumstances, the Exhibition Committee have arrived at the conclusion that the ensuing Deepawali holidays will hardly be the days for holding the Hyderabad Exhibition of Indian Arts and Industries and that all circumstances proving favourable, it should be held in the nearest future as soon as they can feel that it can be held without any risk to the health of the various exhibitors. The exact date for holding the Exhibition will be published later on."

Mahila Seva Mandal Industrial School

EXAMINATION RESULTS

The results of examinacions of the Final Diploma and Senior Advanced course at the Parel and Vile Parle centres of the Mahila Seva Mandal Industrial School for women, which took place recently are as follows:—

PAREL CENTRE:—

Final Diploma Examination in Sewing and Cutting; training for two years. (1) Miss Manak Navalker; (2) Mrs. Rukhaminibai Athavale; (3) Miss Gulabai Vasudeva; (4) Mrs. Krishnabai Savaker; (5) Miss Shantabai Vandrekar.

Senior Advanced Course:—Training for one year and six months (1) Miss Mozel Ellaza; (2) Mrs. Tarabai Padake; (3) Miss Lila Chemburkar; (4) Miss Sheba Malekar, tnd (5) Mrs. Halimbai Bashiruddin and (6) Mrs. Shakuntalabai Kulkarni.

Vile Parle Centre: Senior Advanced Course:—Training for one year and six months: (1) Miss Vatsala Desai; (2) Miss Kamala Desai; (3) Miss Kamala Karnik; (4) Shrimati Manakbai Patil; (5) Miss Inderabai Mahatre.

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BOMBAY MONDAY OCTOBER 17, 1932

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J12

LONDONERS' TRIUMPH IN RACE FOR SUPREMACY IN FOOTBALL

Bolton Gives Good Account In Match Against Chelsea

ENGLISH FOOTBBALL MATCHES

LONDON, Ocober 15.

The great struggle for the supremacy between London and Lancashire resulted in an overwhelming triumph for the Londoners, the best of whom were Arsenal and Chelsea, Arsenal is pressing Aston Villa for leadership.

In the presence of 30,000 Bastin (Arsenal) scored in the fourth minute, but youthful Dix equalised from scrimmage in the goalmouth. Just before interval however Jack gave Arsenal lead once more and on the resumption Coleman added the third goal for his side which was decidedly superior but two minutes later Dix reduced the lead. Bastin missed a penalty goal a minute be fore full-time.

Bolton were very dangerous in their match against Chelsea and in the eighteenth minute they opened score through Milson They led by that score at half-time. After resumption Chelsea escaped being beaten second time, Woodley bringing off a sensational save.

BOLTON LOSES.

Then Bolton lost grip of game and Mills equalised for Chelsea. Chitty headed in the second goal for his side and Mills completed the tally for Chelsea but three minutes before fulltime Milson scored the finest goal of the game to reduce the margin of Bolton's defeat.

Walker scored for Aston Villa in the the twenty-first minute an minute before interval Houghton added second goal. They changed ends with two goals lead and improved upon scrappy game in the first-half to the score again through Brown 12 minutes after the resumption shortly after which Houghton was carried off from the field having sustained injury. The closing two minutes of the game were replete with thrills.

In the match between Liverpool and Portmouth Wright and Hodgson; South African, enabled Liverpool to change ends with two goals lead. In the first minute after interval Hodgson got his second goal but three minutes later first Smith and then Nichol reduced lead scoring for Portsmouth. Hodgson completed hat-trick and then Easson obtained third goal for Portsmouth just before time.

Despite chill Dean played for Everton but hardly touched ball. Bowers scored twice for the Derby in first half. West Hams policy of sensational changes in the fielding seven reserves was successful. Gray scored for Oldham in sixth minute but Norris equalised in the twenty-second minute. H. Johnson found Oldham's second but Norris again equalised and from penalty completed hattrick. Morton and Watson obtained fourth and fifth goal respectively for West Ham.

KEEN GAME.

There was keen game at Stoke where Mawson scored for home team in sixth minute. Netting again 22 minutes after resumption same player completed sides tally stop Bradford City were exceedingly lucky. Defender hit cross bar and then Southampton missed a great chance with the result that the first half was goalless. Scriven and Soton the goal-keeper left the field injured and immediately afterwards Alexander scored.

Howe opened account for Spurs in the twenty-first minute, and Greenfield increased the lead. On resumption Burnley speeded up and responded through Prest in the tenth minute but Evans put the home team further ahead fifteen minutes later and Hunt found their fourth.

SENSATIONAL SCORING.

There was sensational scoring at Grimsby where Glover netted four goals in fifteen minutes for Grimsby, while Preston replied through Hales, Preston drew level in second-half scoring through Hales. Preston drew level Harper, Kelly and Hales. Then Dyson obtained lead for Grimsby but Mustard helped Preston to draw within minute. Marshall's goal in second-half gave Rangers Glasgow Cup for the twentieth time.—Reuter's Special.

LEAGUE FOOTBALL

LONDON, October 15.

Following are results of football matches played in League to-day:

FIRST DIVISION.

Aston Vila 3, Sheffield United 0.
Blackburn 2, Arsenal 3.
Blackpool 2, Leicester 1.
Blackpool 2, Leicester 1.
Boltonn 2, Chelsea 3.
Derby 2, Everton 0.
Leeds 2, Manchester City 1.
Liverpool 1, Portsmouth 3.
Middlesbrough 1, Huddersfield 1.
Newcastle 3, Wolverhampton 3.
Newcastle 3, Wolverhampton 2.
Sheffield Wednesday 3, Sunderland 1.
West Bromwich 1, Birmingham 0.

SECOND DIVISION

Bradford 1, Southampton 0.
Charlton 3, Nottingham Forest 0.
Chesterfield 1, Bury 3.
Fulham 3, Lincoln 2.
Grimsby 5, Preston 5.
Manchester United 2, Bradford 1.
Notts County 5, Port Vale 0.
Stoke 2, Plymouth 0.
Swansea 1, Millwall 0.
Tourquay 4, Swindon 3.
West Ham 5, Oldham 2.

THIRD DIVISION
(Southern Section)

Brentford 4, Clapton Orient 2.
Brigton (—) Aldershot (—) (unplayed.)
Bristol City 3, Bristol Rovers 1.
Cardiff 1, Crystal Palace 1.
Coventry 3, Northampton 1.
Exeter 2, Bournemouth 1.
Luton 2, Newport 2.
Norwich 3, Queen's Park Rangers 2.
Reading 1, Southend 1.
Tournuay 4, Swindon 3.
Watford 2, Gillingham 0.

THIRD DIVISION.
(Northern Section.)

Barnsley 6, Mansfield 2.
Carlisle 0, Barrow 1.
Halifax 0, Doncaster 0.
Crewe 4, New Brighton 0.
Hartiepools 0, Hull 1.
Rochdale 2, Accrington 0.
Southport 2, Rotherham 0.
Tranmere 3, Darlington 1.
Walsall 2, Gateshead 0.
Wrexham 2, Stockport 0.
York 3, Chester 1.

SCOTTISH LEAGUE.
(First Division.)

Aberdeen 5, St. Mirren 1.
Clyde 0, Celtic 2.
Falkirk 3, Last Stirlingshire 0.
Hamilton 10, Cowdenbeath 2.
Hearts 2, Motherwell 0.
Kilmarnock 2, Dundee 2.
Morton 4, Airdrienians 2.
Queenh Park (—), Partick (—) (unplayed.)
Rangers (—), Thrid Lanark (—), (not played.)
St. Johnstone 4, Ayre 0.

SCOTTISH LEAGJE.
(Second Division.)

Albion Rovers 0, Queen of South 3.
Arbroath 1, Raith Rovers 3.
Bo'ness 2, Stenhousemuir 3.
Brechin 3, St. Bernands 1.
Dundee United 3, Montrose 1.
Dunferline 3, Dumbarton 0.
East Fife 8, Armadale 1.
Edinburg 0, Hibernians 4.
King's Park 2, Alloa 1.
Leitn, 2, Forfar 1.

—Reuter's Special.

Crew Of Italian Cargo Ship Saved

Thrilling Rescue Work By Life-Boats

LONDON, Oct. 16.

Thrilling fight to save the crew of 6,000 ton Italian cargo steamer "Monte Nevoso" which ran aground on the Yaisboro Sands off Cromer, was crowned with success to-day. Cromer lifeboat after standing by the distressed vessel for 24 hours succeeded at great risk in rescuing 29 members of the crew.

CAPTAIN'S RESOLVE.

The Captain refused to leave declaring, "I would as soon lose my life as my ship".

Mate, chief engineer and the wireless operator stayed with him, but as the ship was apparently doomed despite the heroic efforts of the nine tugs in heavy sea to save her, lifeboat returned "to finish job" and rescue the remaining four men.—Reuter.

INTERNATIONAL FOOTBALL

New Feather In the Cap Of English Team

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Oct. 15.

Cancliffe Blackburn) is the only new feather in the cap in the English team to meet Ireland at Blackpool, on Monday.

The teams are:—

ENGLAND.—Hibbs, Goodall, Blenkinsop. Strange, Odowd, Weaver, Crooks, Barclay, Dean, Johnson and Cunliffe.

IRELAND:—Scott, Cook, Fulton, Mitchell, Jones, McCleery, Duggan, Moore, Dunne, Doherty and Kelly.—Reuter.

COVERED COURTS CHAMPIONSHIP

Borotra's Double Success

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Oct. 15.

In the covered courts Championships, in the finals of women's singles, Miss Scriven beat Miss Stammers 6/2, 6/4.

In the men's singles finals Borotra beat Lee 6/2, 6/3, 6/3 thus winning title for the fifth successive year.

In the mixed doubles finals Borotra and Miss Nuthall beat Miki and Miss Round 6/4, 9/7.—Reuter.

INDIAN CRICKET DEFECTS

Gulam Mahamed Urges Slow Methods

KARACHI, Oct. 13.

Giving his impressions of his tour of England with the All-India Cricket team, Gulam Mohamed, a member of the team said:—

Cricket in England is much better than in India. There, of course, the climate is favourable to the game, and all cricketers have patience to play the game with great enthusiasm. Here we have to clay either half day or one day matches and hence we have to play either half day saving time, because if we play a slow game there will be no-result. Still the Indian standard has improved since the M.C.C. team visited Indian in 1926/27 and from the tour of 1932 it is evident that we have done much better than what was expeced of us all.

In India there are very few grass pitches. Indian pitches are harder than the English pitches. From the play of the prominent cricketers of England I gathered that we should play with great caution, not taking into consideration of the time. They have got sufficient practice which has given them good command over bowling and it is very difficult to get loose stuff from them to score.—A. P.

DUSSERAH SESSION OF MYSORE ASSEMBLY

Concludes With Three Cheers For Maharaja

MYSORE, Oct. 15.

The Dassara session of the Mysore Assembly concluded to-night. Mr. K. Matthan, the second member of the Maharaja's Executive Council presiding in the absence of Sir Mirza Isma...

Addressing the members he expressed on behalf of the Government appreciation of the spirit of friendliness and co-operation which had prevailed throughout the session.

Referring to the private bill for the suppression of Immoral traffic in women which was rejected by a narrow majority, he assurred the mover that the present defeat need not prevent him from bringing the measure before the Upper Chamber, the Legislative Council, especially in view of the fact that the principle underlying such legislation had already been accepted by the Assembly at a previous session.

STAND ON YOUR OWN LEGS.

He referred to the large number of questions relating to details of local self-governing institutions in the State brought before the Assembly and remarked that purity and efficiency of administration in local institutions really depended less on Government control than on the vigilance and devotion to duty shown by the citizens and their representatives on them.

Lastly Mr. Matthan referred to the principles of representation to the Legislatures embodied in the recent Government order which had been very much criticised and said that election by single transferable vote was more just and rational than the block vote system now in vogue.

With three cheers for the Maharaja the proceedings terminated.—A. P.

Glasgow Cup Final

LONDON, October 15.

In the Glasgow Cup Final, the Rangers beat Partick by 1 goal to 0 at Hampden Park.

In the County Championship, Notts, Lincs and Derby lost to Warwickshire by 15 points to 6 at Beeston. —Reuter.

Relieving Unemployment In Britain

MACDONALD'S BIG SCHEME

LONDON, October 16.

The clamour in several quarters that Government should profit by the present cheapness of money to relax restrictions on productive public works developments has borne fruit, according to some political correspondents.

It is stated that Mr. MacDonald has drafted a big plan to raise a loan to relieve unemployment through police works that will be revenue-producing when completed, and it is hoped that he will make a statemennt on it at the National Labour Party luncheon to-morrow.—Reuter.

LONDON MONEY MARKET

Good Demand For Treasury Bonds

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, October 15.

Despite the Stock Exchange and other demands helping to curtail the supplies a large amount of money at present seeking employment, is shown by the applications for this week's 50 million Treasury Bills again amounting to over 100 million sterling.

The average rate of allotment of 15 shillings per cent. has greatly disappointed the market after the recent efforts to raise the rates, although the result is favouring the Government.

On the Stock Exchange to-day investment demand continued and in response to the overnight rally in Wall Street all departments were firm. Mining shares, particularly the South African and the Indian, were remarkably good. Wall Street opened firm.—Reuter.

ORISSA'S RECORD

CUTTACK, Oct. 15.

The total number of arrests in Balasore District till the end of September in connection with civil disobedience was 2.388, of which 1,128 have been convicted including over 100 women.—A. P.

REVISED TERMS OF RELIEF FOR UNEMPLOYED

Proposed General Strike In Belfast Declared Off

LONDON, Oct. 16.

Belfast.—The Trade Unions have accepted revised terms of outdoor relief and declared the proposed general strike off.— Reuter.

Reuter message of October 13, stated that there was an orgy of rioting and looting resulting from the demonstration of unemployed expressing dissatisfaction at the rates paid to men on special relief scheme

ULSTER SPARED GENERAL STRIKE

Immediate Relief To Workers

LONDON, Oct. 15.

Belfast.—The possibility of a general strike is believed to have been definitely averted by the decision of the Ministry of Home Affairs to increase outdoor relief between 40 and 60 per cent. It has also been agreed that outdoor relief workers, who have struck will be allowed to resume without victimization.

The Corporation will also be providing additional distress relief works. towards which Government will contribute half the cost. —Reuter.

WAR ON DRUG TRAFFICKING IN PARIS

"Queen" Of Gangland Arrested By "Brigade Mondaine"

LONDON, Oct. 15.

Paris.—Determined attempt to stamp out the drug trafficking in Paris by Commissioner Priolet, the chief of the "Brigade Mondaine" (Special Service Police) has resulted in the arrest of seven members of a gang which had spread its net among the night haunts of Paris with the object of luring young men and girls to destruction.

The arrests include 32-year old Helen Rimbault, who is described as the Queen of the organisation which had its headquarters in a filthy tenement near the centre of Montmartre.

While Commissioner Priolet was secretly concealed in the gang's headquarters several men entered and bought drugs resulting in more arrests. The police learned of the gang's activities through the distracted mother of a 20-year old youth. who had fallen into their hands.

Commissioner Priolet described the gang as the "scum of humanity" of the worst type that he had encountered in the whole of his long police career.—Reuter's Special.

SIR HERBERT LOOKS TO RUSSIA

Market For British Goods

LONDON, Oct. 15.

Speaking at Perth Sir H. Samuel laid down a programme to ease unemployment, including the development of trade with Russia as a market of immense possibilities.—Reuter.

Muslim's Sudden Collapse And Death

An unknown Muslim about 40 years old, suddenly collapsed, on Saturday morning, at 11-30, near Shed No. 14 of the Victoria Docks. He fell down, and died on the spot. The police were given information and on examination no marks of violence was found on his body. The body was removed to the morgue.

MISS STEVENSON'S BODY TRACED

Indications Of Shot Wounds

LONDON, Oct. 15.

Nairobi—Miss Stevenson's body was found in thick bushland with the assistance of Mr. Ross who came from Nakuru under police escort. There are indications of shot wounds.—Reuter.

QUOTA SYSTEM FOR FARM PRODUCE

STORM OF PROTEST IN GERMANY

BERLIN, Oct. 15.

Exciting rumours are afloat following an unexpected Cabinet meeting to consider a storm of prortests over a project to ration agricultural imports.

The Cabinet dealt, inter alia, with a letter from Dr. Luther, President of the Reichsbank, who, according to the newspapers, has warned the Government of the impossibility of maintaining stability of the currency unless the quota project is abandoned.

Anxiety has been partly allayed by an official denial that the letter implied a dangerous situation for the mark, but it is anticipated that Government will be compelled at least to postpone the project. The quota system was the price paid by the Papen-Schleicher Government for the support of the agriculturists. It aroused the bitter opposition of the industrialists and threats of reprisals by neighbouring countries.—Reuter.

HOME RULE FOR SCOTLAND

Sir Herbert Samuel Blesses The Movement

LONDON, Oct. 15.

The Scottish Home Rule movement, which had gained certain impetus lately from the growrh of the spirit of nationalism in Scotland, has received further encouragement from Sir Herbert Samuel who told the Scottish Nationalist delegation at Glasgow that his followers were agreed unanimously on Home Rule for Scotland and that henceforth it would be a plank in their platform.

The Scottish Liberal Federation Conference at Perth to-day by an overwhelming majority passed resolution calling upon the Liberal members of Parliament to urge upon the Government to accept self-government for Scotland.

Sir Alexander McEwen, the mover of the resolution. said that there was no desire to separate from England.—Reuter's Special.

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